

1. Short Problems (30%)

(a) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{1/x}$

(b) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1-x)^{1/x}$

(c) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (\sum_{k=1}^n x^k - n)/(x-1)$ (Give a closed-form result)

(d) Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [(4+x+x^2)^{1/2} - 2]/[(4+x-x^2)^{1/2} - 2]$

(e) Find $[\sum_{x=1}^{\infty} x/(x+1)!]$

(f) Find $\nabla f(x,y) = (\pi + \tan^{-1}x)^y$

2. Find the distance between the point (d,e,f) and the plane $ax+by+cz=0$. (10%)

3. Find the length, width, and height of a rectangular box without top to have a given volume of one unit so as to use the least amount of material. (10%)

4. Find the following indefinite integrals:

$$(1) \int \frac{t}{(1+t)^2} dt \quad (6\%)$$

$$(2) \int \frac{w+2}{w-3} dw \quad (6\%)$$

5. Find the area bounded by the graphs of the functions

$$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x \text{ and } g(x) = -x^3 + 4x^2 - 3x \quad (8\%)$$

6. Prove

$$\text{if } A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{1,1} & a_{1,2} & \cdots & a_{1,m} \\ 0 & a_{2,2} & \cdots & a_{2,m} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & a_{m,m} \end{pmatrix}$$

then,

$$|A| = a_{1,1} a_{2,2} \cdots a_{m,m} \quad (10\%)$$

7. Consider the polyhedron $P = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid Ax = b, x \geq 0\}$.

Prove: If $b \geq 0$ and A (or AP where P is some permutation matrix) can be partitioned as $A = [B ; N]$

where B is nonsingular and all elements of B^{-1} and N are nonnegative,

then P is nonempty and bounded. (12%)

Note: $B^{-1} \geq 0 \not\Rightarrow B \geq 0$ For example for

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

8. Show that a hyperplane $H = \{x : px = k\}$ and a halfspace $H^+ = \{x : px \geq k\}$ are convex sets. (8%)