國立成功大學一〇一學年度碩士班招生考試試題

307

编號:

1. Evaluate the following limits

(a) (5 points)
$$\lim_{x \to 7} \frac{\sqrt{x+2}-3}{x-7}$$
,

2. Evaluate the following integrals

(a) (5 points)
$$\int_{1}^{4} \sqrt{x} \ln x \, dx$$
,
(b) (5 points) $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{x}^{1} e^{x/y} \, dy \, dx$,

$$\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{f(x)}{x}=1.$$

Find f'(x).

- 4. (10 points) Set up TWO different definite integrals expressing the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region bounded by the curves $y = e^x$, y = 2, and x = 0 about the line y = -1. Do not solve the integrals.
- 5. (8 points) If $\int_0^x f(t) dt = e^{2x} \cos x + c$, find the value of the constant c and the function f(t).
- 6. (10 points) Let f be a differentiable function with derivative f'. A table of values for f and f' is given below.

t	0	3	6	9
f(t)	1	2	7	5
f'(t)	1	4	-1	-2

Find the value of $\int_0^1 f'(3t) dt$.

7. (a) (10 points) By completing the square, show that

$$\int_{0}^{1/2} \frac{dx}{x^2 - x + 1} = \frac{\pi}{3\sqrt{3}}.$$

(Hints: Write $x^2 - x + 1 = (x - a)^2 + b$. Recall that $\frac{d}{dx} \arctan x = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}$)

(b) (10 points) Rewrite the integral in part (a) by express $1/(x^2 - x + 1)$ as the sum of two power series (Hint: $x^3 + 1 = (x + 1)(x^2 - x + 1)$). Prove the following formula for π :

$$\pi = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{8^n} \left(\frac{2}{3n+1} + \frac{1}{3n+2}\right).$$

8. (12 points) Let $f(x, y) = \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{y^3}{3} - 2x^2 - y^2$. Final all of the critical points of f, and classify each critical point as a local maximum, local minimum, or saddle point.

This exam has 8 questions, for a total of 100 points.

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考試日期:0225,節次:2

(b) (5 points) $\lim_{x\to 0^+} x^{1/x}$.

(c) (5 points) $\int_0^2 \frac{x}{(1+x^2)^2} dx$,

(d) (10 points) $\int \int_{x^2 + xy + y^2 \le 1} e^{-(x^2 + xy + y^2)} dx dy.$