

※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

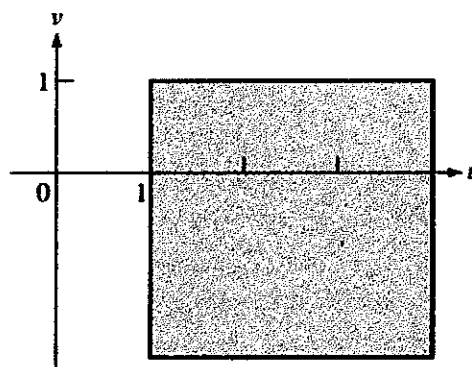
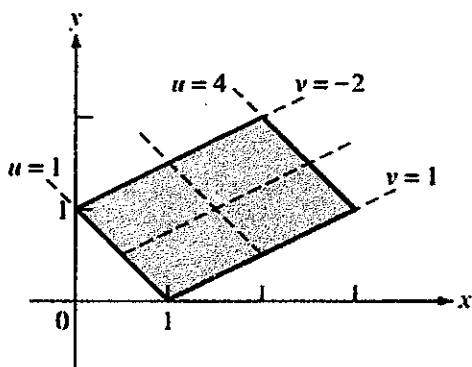
1. (20%) If  $x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = 1$ , then find

(a)  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$

(b)  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$

2. (20%)  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx =$

3. (20%)  $R_{xy}$  is the parallelogram shown in the following figure. The sides of  $R_{xy}$  are straight lines having equations of form  $x+y=c_1$ ,  $x-2y=c_2$ . For appropriate choice of  $c_1$ ,  $c_2$ . It is therefore natural to introduce as new coordinates  $u = x+y$ ,  $v = x-2y$ . The region  $R_{xy}$  then corresponds to the rectangle  $1 \leq u \leq 4$ ,  $-2 \leq v \leq 1$ . Evaluate  $\iint_{R_{xy}} (x+y)^3 dx dy$ .



4. (20%) Suppose that the force  $\mathbf{F}$  at time  $t$  depends only on the position along the path  $\mathbf{r} = \boldsymbol{\sigma}(t)$ . That is, we assume that there is a vector field  $\Phi(\mathbf{r})$  such that  $\mathbf{F} = \Phi(\boldsymbol{\sigma}(t))$ . The work done by the force  $\mathbf{F}$  along the path  $\mathbf{r} = \boldsymbol{\sigma}(t)$  is the integral  $\int_1^2 \mathbf{F} \cdot \frac{d\mathbf{r}}{dt} dt$ . Find the work done by the force field  $\Phi(x, y, z) = y\mathbf{i} - x\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$  as a particle is moved from  $(1, 0, 0)$  to  $(1, 0, 1)$  along the following path  $(x, y, z) = (\cos t, \sin t, t/2\pi); 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ .

5. (20%)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2 + \sqrt{x}, & \text{if } x \geq 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}, & \text{if } x < 1 \end{cases}$ . Show that  $f$  is differentiable at  $x = 1$ .