

1. If f is the absolute-value function $f(x) = |x|$, show that f is continuous but not differentiable at the number 0 (15%).
2. $f(x,y) = 2x^2 + xy$, $1 \leq x \leq 3$, and $1 \leq y \leq 20$. Find the minimum value of $f(x,y)$ and its associated value of x for each possible y (15%).
3. Solve the equation $y'' - 5y' + 6y = 0$ which satisfies $y = 1$, $y' = 1$ when $x = 1$ (15%).
4. Find the volume of the solid under the plane $z = 3x + y$ and above the part of the ellipse $4x^2 + 9y^2 \leq 36$ in the first quadrant (15%).
5. Find the following integrals (30%):

(a) $\int e^{2x} \sin 3x dx$

(b) $\int \frac{2x^3 + x^2 + 5x + 4}{x^4 + 8x^2 + 16} dx$

6. If $z = F(x,y)$, $x = f(u,v)$, and $y = g(u,v)$, show that

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} = \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}\right)^2 + 2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}\right)^2 + \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial u^2} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial u^2}$$

(10%)