國立成功大學 102 學年度碩士班招生考試試題 編號: 278 頁,第1頁 共 3 系所組別:企業管理學系丙組 考試科目:微積分 考試日期:0224,節次:3 ※ 考生請注意:本試題不可使用計算機 請勿在本試題紙上作答,否則不予計分 Part A Multiple Choice Questions (40 points, 4 points each, Only one choice) In the following equations, which one does **not** define y as a function of x? 1. (A) y = |2x+3|(B) $5x^2 + y^2 = 12$ (C) $\frac{2}{3}x - 5y = 7$ (D) $3x^2 + 2y = 6$ 2. Which of following statement is true? (A) $\lim_{x \to 0} \sqrt{x} = 0$ (B) $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{|x|}{x} = 1$ (C) $\lim_{x \to 2} f(x) = 3, f(x) = \begin{cases} 3, x \le 2\\ 0, x > 2 \end{cases}$ (D) $\lim_{x \to 3} f(x) = 1, f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 2, x \le 3 \\ -x^2 + 8x - 14, x > 3 \end{cases}$ The demand (D) and price (P) function of a meal-box store is D= 32500-250P (monthly). Find the 3. marginal revenue of per unit when D = 15000. (A) -10 0 (B) (C) 10 20 (D) The slope of the tangent line to the ellipse given by $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 25$ at the point (-2, 1) is 4. (A) 8/9 -8/9 **(B)** (C) 9/8 (D) -9/8 For the function $f(x) = (x^2 - 4)^{2/3}$, which of following description is correct? 5. In the interval $(2 < x < \infty)$, the function is decreasing. (A) (B) In the interval (0 < x < 2), the function is increasing. In the interval (-2 < x < 0), the function is increasing. (C)In the interval $(-\infty < x < -2)$, the function is increasing. (D)

(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

國立成功大學102學年度碩士班招生考試試題 编號: 278 共 3 頁,第2頁 系所組別:企業管理學系丙組 考試科目:微積分 考試日期:0224,節次:3 ※ 考生請注意:本試題不可使用計算機 Which of following line is <u>not</u> the asymptote for the function $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 1}{2x^2 - 8}$. 6. (A) x = 2(B) x = -2(C) y = 1/2(D) y = -1/2Which of following derivative of the function is incorrect? 7. (A) If $f(x) = e^{-1/x^2}$, then $f'(x) = \frac{2}{x^3}e^{-1/x^2}$. (B) If $f(x) = (x^2 + 1)e^{4x}$, then $f'(x) = e^{4x}(x^2 + 2x + 4)$. (C) If $f(x) = \frac{2}{(e^x + e^{-x})^3}$, then $f'(x) = \frac{-6(e^x - e^{-x})}{(e^x + e^{-x})^4}$. (D) If $f(x) = xe^{x} - 4e^{-x}$, then $f'(x) = xe^{x} + e^{x} + 4e^{-x}$. 8. Which of following function has no inflection point? (A) $f(x) = 2x^4 - 8x^3 + 12x^2 + 12x$ (B) $f(x) = (x-2)^3(x-1)$ (C) $f(x) = x^3 - 9x^2 + 24x - 18$ (D) $f(x) = (x-1)^3(x-5)$ Which of following derivative of function is correct? 9. (A) If $f(x) = \cos 3x + \sin^2 x$, then $f'(x) = -3\sin x + 2\sin x \cos x$. (B) If $f(x) = \sec \pi x$, then $f'(x) = \tan \pi x \sec \pi x$. (C) If $f(x) = 2\tan^2 4x$, then $f'(x) = 16\sec^2 4x \tan 4x$. (D) If $f(x) = e^{2x} \sin 2x$, then $f'(x) = 2e^{2x} (\sin x + \cos x)$. Apply the Ratio Test to find which of following series is divergent. 10. (A) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{4^n}$ (B) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n 2^n}{n!}$ (C) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n5^n}{n!}$ (D) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4^n}{3^n+1}$

编號: 278 國立成功大學 102 學年度碩士班招生考試試題	共3頁,第3頁
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Part B Partial Credit Questions (60 points)	(
1. (a) [6 points] Find the points on the graph of $y=9-2x^2$ that are closet to (0,1).	Area

(b) [6 points] A rectangular paper contains 36 square inches of print. The margins at the top and bottom of the paper are 2 inches wide. The margins on each side are 1.5 inches wide. Please find the minimum area of the paper used.



2. [8 points] Let V be the volume of a spherical ball and r be the radius. Gas is pumped into this spherical ball with rate of 6 cubic inches per minute $(\frac{dV}{dt} = 6)$. Find the rate of change of the radius when r=5

nches. (
$$V = 4/3\pi r^3$$
)

- 3. [20 points, 5 points each] Find the indefinite integral of the following functions. (Let C represent the constant.)
 - (a) $\int (x-1)e^{x^2-2x}dx$

(b)
$$\int \frac{x^2}{x^3 + 1} dx$$

- (c) $\int (\tan^3 x)(\sec^2 x)dx$
- (d) $\int e^{\sin x} \cos x dx$
- 4. [10 points] A company is selling two products, product A for x units and product B for y units. The range of x and y weekly are $200 \le x \le 300$ and $100 \le y \le 150$ respectively. The profit function is modeled as $profit = -(x 300)^2 (y 150)^2 + 6000$ Please find the average profit weekly for these two products.
- 5. [10 points] Find the expectation value and variance of the probability density function $f(x) = -3x^2 + 2, \ 0 \le x \le 1.$

<Hint> expectation = $\mu = E(x) = \int_a^b x f(x) dx$, and variance =V(x) = $\int_a^b (x - \mu)^2 f(x) dx$

[Reference]

Ron Larson & David C. Falvo, Calculus-An Applied Approach.