

※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

You do not need to calculate the exact number of the answers. However, please simplify your answers as possible as you can. Also, please write the answers in order.

1. [10 Points] Company A determines that the price-demand function for a new book is $p(x) = \frac{-x}{500} + 20$, with fixed costs of \$12,000 and variable costs of 4.5 dollars per book.
- [3 points] Find the profit function $F(x)$.
 - [2 points] Compute the marginal profit function $F'(x)$.
 - [5 points] Evaluate $F'(3000)$ and interpret the result.
2. [15 points] Differentiate the following functions:
- [5 points] $f(x) = \log(x^3 + 9)$
 - [5 points] $f(x) = x^5 0.8^x$
 - [5 points] $f(x) = \tan^5 4x$
3. [10 points] The number of new subscriptions to a newspaper, y , in a month is a function of the amount, x , in dollars spent on advertising in that month, so $y = f(x)$.
- [3 points] Interpret the statement $f(300) = 200$
 - [3 points] Interpret the statement $f'(300) = 3$
 - [2 points] Use the statements given in part (a) and (b) to estimate $f(301)$ and $f(310)$.
 - [2 points] Which estimate is more reliable? Why?
4. [15 points] Analyze the graph of $f(x) = \frac{2(x^2 - 9)}{x^2 - 4}$.
- [3 points] Find out the asymptote(s).
 - [12 points] What are the characteristics (decreasing/ increasing? concave downward/ upward?) of the x -intervals: $(-\infty, -2)$, $(-2, 0)$, $(0, 2)$, and $(2, \infty)$?
5. [10 points] Find the sum of each infinite series.
- [5 points] $\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{5}{2^i}$
 - [5 points] $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3^i} + \frac{1}{4^i} \right)$
6. [10 points] Define a probability density function of x as
- $$f(x) = \begin{cases} kx & 0 \leq x < 2 \\ k(4-x) & 2 \leq x < 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
- [5 points] What is $E(x)$, the expect value of $f(x)$?
 - [5 points] What is $\text{Var}(x)$, the variance of $f(x)$?
- <Note> $\text{Var}(x) = E(x^2) - [E(x)]^2$
7. [10 points] Suppose company B determines that the price-demand equation for their product, bag, is given by
- $$p + 2px + x^2 = 125 \quad 0 < x \leq 100,$$
- where x represents the demand for the bad in thousand and p represents the price in dollars.

(a) [5 points] Use implicit differentiation to determine $\frac{dp}{dx}$.

(b) [5 points] Evaluate and interpret $\frac{dp}{dx}$ when $x=2.5$ and $p=19.5$.

8. [10 points] A manager at company C finds through data gathered in research that the marginal cost function for a certain type of automobile computer chip made at the facility is given by

$$MC(x) = 6x\sqrt{x^2 + 11}$$

Where x represents the number of auto computer chip produced each hour, and $MC(x)$ represents the marginal cost. The manager also knows that it costs \$1932 to manufacture five chips.

(a) [5 points] Find the cost function, $C(x)$.

(b) [5 points] Determine the fixed costs.

<Note> To avoid any confusion, we will call the arbitrary constant d . Therefore, $C(x) + d = \int MC(x)dx$

9. [10 points] Company D generates income at the rate of $3t$ thousand dollars per year, where t is the number of years from now.

(a) [7 points] Determine the present value of this continuous income stream for the next seven years at 8% compounded continuously.

(b) [3 points] Determine the total amount (income plus interest) produced by the company D over this seven-year period.

<Note> If $f(t)$ is the rate of follow function for a continuous income stream, then the present value, P , at

annual interest rate, r , compounded continuously for T years is given by $P = \int_0^T f(t)e^{-rt} dt$.

Moreover, $e^{-0.56} = 0.57$ and $e^{0.56} = 1.75$.

Reference

1. Bills Armstrong & Don Davis, Brief Calculus—for the Business, Social, and Life Science, 3rd Ed.
2. Hughes-Hallett, Gleason, et al, Applied Calculus, 3rd Ed.
3. Ron Larson & David C. Falvo, Calculus -- An Applied Approach, 8th Ed.