

編號： 392 系所：企業管理學系丁組

科目：微積分

本試題是否可以使用計算機：可使用 不可使用 (請命題老師勾選)

I. Multiple choice (5 points for each problem)

1. $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{h+1}-1}{h} =$

- (a) 0 (b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{h+1}+1}$ (c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{h+1}-1}$ (d) $\sqrt{h+1}+1$
 (e) $\sqrt{h+1}-1$

2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^2-16}{4\sqrt{x}-8} =$

- (a) 0 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) 8 (e) 16

3. $\int_1^e \frac{\ln y}{y} dy =$

- (a) 2 (b) $\frac{1}{2}$ (c) 3 (d) $\frac{1}{3}$ (e) $\frac{1}{4}$

4. $\int_1^3 \frac{1}{x^2} e^{2/x} dx =$

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}(e^2 - e^{2/3})$ (b) $2(e^2 - e^{2/3})$ (c) $\frac{1}{4}(e^2 - e^{1/2})$ (d) $4(e^2 - e^{1/2})$
 (e) $\frac{1}{2}(e^2 - e^{1/2})$

5. Find $F'(t)$ in the following case:

$$F(t) = \int_t^{2t} x^2 dx$$

- (a) $3t$ (b) $7t$ (c) t (d) $7t^2$ (e) $3t^2$

6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 + 3x - 4}{2x^2 - 2x} =$

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{3}{2}$ (c) $\frac{5}{2}$ (d) $\frac{7}{2}$ (e) 3

(背面仍有題目, 請繼續作答)

本試題是否可以使用計算機： 可使用 不可使用 (請命題老師勾選)

II. Applications and Computation (Please show all work and 10 points for each problem)

1. A curve in the uv -plane is given by

$$u^2 + uv - v^3 = 0$$

Compute dv/du by implicit differentiation. Find the point (u, v) on the curve where $dv/du = 0$ and $u \neq 0$.

2. Establish the approximation

$$\left(1 + \frac{p}{100}\right)^n \approx 1 + n \frac{p}{100} + \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \left(\frac{p}{100}\right)^2$$

3. Explain why the function f defined on $[0, \sqrt{3}]$ by

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

has an inverse function g . Compute $g'(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3})$. (Hint: $f(1) = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}$)

4. Consider the function f defined for all x by $f(x) = xe^x$.

- (a) Compute $f'(x)$ and $f''(x)$. Find the intervals on which f is increasing.
 (b) Draw the graph of f .

5. Are the following functions concave/convex? (assuming that $x > 0$ in part (a))

- (a) $2x - 3 + 4\ln x$
 (b) $3x^2 - 2x + 1 + e^{-x-3}$

6. The profit of a firm as a function of its output x ($x > 0$) is

$$f(x) = 4000 - x - \frac{3000000}{x}$$

- (a) Find the output that maximizes profit. Draw the graph of f .
 (b) The actual output varies between 1000 and 3000 units. Compute the average profit

$$I = \frac{1}{2000} \int_{1000}^{3000} f(x) dx$$

編號： 392 系所：企業管理學系丁組

科目：微積分

本試題是否可以使用計算機：可使用 不可使用 (請命題老師勾選)

7. Solve the following problem by Lagrangean method. Prove that you have found the optimal solution.

$$\text{Max } x^2 + 3xy + y^2 \text{ subject to } x + y = 100$$