Please write down all your work.

1. Evaluate the given limits, if exists. (10%)

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}^+} \cos x \log(\cot x)$$

(b) 
$$\lim_{x\to 0^+} (1+\frac{x}{3}+\frac{x^2}{5})^{\frac{2}{x}}$$

2. Find the following integrals, if exist. (30%)

(a) 
$$\int_1^3 \frac{x}{(x^2-4)^3} dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_0^\infty y^3 e^{-\sqrt{y}} dy$$

(c) 
$$\int_0^1 x^7 (1-x)^{100} dx$$

$$(d) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \tan^5 4x \sec^2 4x dx$$

(e) 
$$\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} (\cos^{-1} x) dx$$

(f) 
$$\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 26}} dx$$

3. Determine whether the given series converges absolutely, converges conditionally, or diverges. (10%)

(a) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos n}{e^n}$$

(b) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{(-\sqrt{n})^n}$$

4. Find the Maclaurin Series for  $f(x) = xe^x$  and find the sum of  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n+1}{n!}$ . (10%)

5. Convert

$$\int_{0}^{5} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{25-y^2}} e^{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} dx dy$$

to a double intagral in polar coordinates and evaluate the integral. (10%)

6. Let Q be the region in the xy-plane bounded above by the parabola  $x=y^2$  and below by the line x=3y. Evaluate  $\int \int_Q xydA$ . (10%)

7. Let

$$F(x) = \int_{-\pi}^{x} \frac{1}{|t|+1} dt, \ |x| < 1$$

. Find the derivative of F(x), if exists. (10%)

8. Find the interval of convergence of the given power series.(10%)

(a) 
$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln k}{e^k} (x - e)^k$$

(b) 
$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(k!)^2}{(2k)!} x^k$$