

※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

1. (a) Find a  $3 \times 3$  symmetric matrix  $\mathbf{A}$  that has eigenvalues  $\lambda_1 = 1, \lambda_2 = 3, \lambda_3 = 5$  and corresponding

$$\text{eigenvectors } \mathbf{X}_1 = \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}, \mathbf{X}_2 = \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{Bmatrix}, \mathbf{X}_3 = \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}.$$

(b) Evaluate  $\mathbf{A}^3 - 9\mathbf{A}^2 + 23\mathbf{A} = ?$  (20%)

2. The curve  $C$  is traced by the vector function  $\mathbf{r}(t) = a \cos t \mathbf{i} + a \sin t \mathbf{j} + ct \mathbf{k}, 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ , where  $a$  and  $c$  are constants. Find the

(a) unit tangential and normal vector of  $C$  at  $t = 0$ ,

(b) curvature of  $C$  at  $t = 0$ ,

(c) arc length of  $C$ . (20%)

3. (a) Find the Fourier series expansion of the function  $f(x) = x^2, 0 \leq x < 2\pi$ , and  $f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$ .

(b) Evaluate the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = 1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots$  (20%)

4. Use the Laplace transform to solve the following problem.

GE:  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}, 0 < x < 1, t > 0,$

IC:  $u(x, 0) = 0, \left. \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right|_{t=0} = \sin \pi x, 0 < x < 1,$

BC:  $u(0, t) = 0, u(1, t) = 0, t > 0.$  (20%)

5. Evaluate

(a)  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{dx}{1+x^4},$

(b)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{(2+\cos\theta)^2}.$  (20%)