## 國立成功大學

## 114學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號: 83

系 所: 土木工程學系

科 目: 土壤力學

日期:0210

節 次:第2節

注 意:1.可使用計算機

2.請於答案卷(卡)作答,於 試題上作答,不予計分。

## (1) Short Answers [60%]

- a. Define the three phases of soil, and present them in a phase diagram [10%].
- b. Define the terms void ratio, porosity, and degree of saturation. Explain how are they related [10%].
- c. What is the difference between total stress, effective stress, and pore water pressure [10%]?
- d. What is the difference between undrained and drained shear strength [10%]?
- e. What is anisotropy in soil, and how does it affect soil behavior [10%]?
- f. Explain the concept of critical state in soil mechanics and its significance in geotechnical design [10%].
- (2) For a given soil, the following are known:  $G_s = 2.67$ , moist unit weight  $\gamma = 17.6$  kN/m³, moist content  $\omega = 12\%$ . Determine: a) Dry unit weight; b) Void ratio. c) Porosity; d) Degree of saturation [10%]
- (3) A sand sample with moist unit weight of  $1.90 \text{ t/m}^3$ , water content of 20%, and  $G_s$  of 2.65. How much water should we add to the sample to make the degree of saturation up to 90% per cubic meter? (Void ratio doesn't change after experiment) [10%].
- (4) A soil sample is subjected to a direct shear test under a normal stress of 150 kPa. The peak shear stress is measured as 60 kPa. Given the soil's cohesion is 10 kPa, calculate the angle of internal friction using the Mohr-Coulomb criterion [20%].