

1. Find the particular solution of the following equation

$$(x+1)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - (x+2)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^x(x+1)^2. \quad (20)$$

2. Solve the following differential equation

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 8 \\ -6 & -9 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ t \end{pmatrix}$$

where

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (20)$$

3. The temperature distribution in a homogeneous spherical solid filling the closed region $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1$ at time t is given by $u = (z^2 - z)e^{-2t}$. Let \vec{n} be the unit outer normal on the boundary of the sphere. Find the point at which $\partial u / \partial n$ is minimum. (15)
4. Given an analytic function $f(z) = F_1(x, y) + iF_2(x, y)$, where $z = x + iy$ and $i = \sqrt{-1}$. If the real part $F_1(x, y)$ and the imaginary part $F_2(x, y)$ of $f(z)$ serve as the components of a vector \vec{F} , i.e.

$$\vec{F} = F_1\vec{i} + F_2\vec{j}, \quad (10)$$

where \vec{i} and \vec{j} denote the unit vector in x- and y-direction respectively. Then, is the vector \vec{F} a conservative one? why?

5. Given a velocity field as

$$\vec{v} = y\vec{i} - z\vec{j} + yz\vec{k}$$

find the surface integral

$$I = \int \int_S \vec{v} \cdot \vec{n} dA, \quad (15)$$

where \vec{n} is a unit normal vector in the outer direction of the surface

$$S : x = \sqrt{y^2 + z^2}; \quad y^2 + z^2 \leq 1$$

6. The displacement $u(x, t)$ of a semi-infinite string is governed by the following partial differential equation

$$c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}, \quad 0 < x, \quad 0 < t, \quad (20)$$

where c is a constant. With the initial conditions

$$u(x, 0) = 0, \quad \frac{\partial u(x, 0)}{\partial t} = 0,$$

and the excitation $f(t)$ at one end of string, that is,

$$u(0, t) = f(t)$$

then, what is the solution of $u(x, t)$?