

系所組別：工程科學系乙、丙組

考試科目：計算機數學

考試日期：0223，節次：3

※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

1. Prove the statement: If S is an arbitrary set, and $P(S)$ is the collection of subsets of S , then the relation \subseteq is in fact a partial ordering of $P(S)$. ($P(S)$ is also called the 'power set' of S). (10%)

2. Consider the equation $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 5$, where x_1, x_2 , and x_3 must all be nonnegative integers.
 - (1) How many solutions are there? (Note: The solutions $2 + 2 + 1 = 5$ and $1 + 2 + 2 = 5$, for example, are considered to be distinct.) (5%)
 - (2) More generally, how many distinct solutions are there to the equation $x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n = k$, where each x_i must be a nonnegative integer? (5%)

3. Consider the algebraic expression $((7 - 5) * 2) \div 2 + (6 * (9 \div 3))$.
 - (1) Build the corresponding binary tree. (Note that parenthesis will not be shown in the tree.) (5%)
 - (2) Give the corresponding reverse Polish notation expression (or postorder traversal). (5%)

4. Suppose you had a supply of two-input AND gates.
 - (1) How many of these would be needed to build a five-input AND gate? (2%)
 - (2) How would you build a circuit that accepts all inputs? Rejects all inputs? (4%)
 - (3) How would you 'mask' one-bit of input? (Note: you can use inverters). (4%)

5. Construct a NFA (nondeterministic finite state automaton) that accepts the set of strings of 0s and 1s containing no three 1s in a row. (10%)

6. (1) A famous basketball player is shooting free throws. He will make the shot with probability 0.90, and will miss with probability 0.10. Suppose he attempts 10 shots in a row. What is the probability that he misses at least one? (5%)
 - (2) Let $\Omega = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$ be a uniform probability space, i.e., each of the eight atoms has probability $1/8$. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$. Find all events B such that $\Pr\{A|B\} = \Pr\{A\}$. (5%)

(背面仍有題目，請繼續作答)

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7. (1) Show that the complete graph K_n is planar for $n = 1, 2, 3, 4$ but for no larger values of n . (5%)
- (2) Consider a complete bipartite graph $K_{2,3}$, which is defined to be a bipartite graph with $|A|=2$, and $|B|=3$, with every A-vertex connected to every B-vertex. Draw the graph for $K_{2,3}$. How many complete matchings are there? (5%)
- (3) Does either $K_{2,3}$ or K_5 have a Euler cycle, respectively? Why or why not? (5%)
- (4) Does either $K_{2,3}$ or K_5 have a Hamiltonian cycle, respectively? Why or why not? (5%)
8. (1) Prove by induction that $5^n - 4n - 1$ is exactly divisible by 16 for $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ (5%)
- (2) Consider the statement $S(n): n^2 - n + 41$ is prime (i.e. not divisible by any positive integer except itself and 1) for all $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
- (a) Verify that $S(0), S(1), S(2)$ and $S(3)$ are true. (2%)
- (b) Why must an attempt to prove $S(n)$ by induction fail? (Hint: You can show a counter example.) (3%)
- (3) Consider the homogeneous difference equation with nonconstant coefficients $x_n = nx_{n-1}$, $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$, with initial conditions $x_0=1$. Find a general solution to x_n . (Hint: you could calculate enough terms to see a pattern, and confirm your guess using mathematical induction.) (10%)