

國立成功大學

115學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號： 82

系 所： 工程科學系

科 目： 流體力學

日 期： 0204

節 次： 第 2 節

注 意： 1. 可使用計算機
2. 請於答案卷(卡)作答，於
試題上作答，不予計分。

1. (25%) A long water trough of triangular cross section is formed from two planks as is shown in Figure 1. A gap of 2.5 mm remains at the junction of the two planks. If the water depth initially was 0.6 m how long a time does it take for the water depth to reduce to 0.3 m?

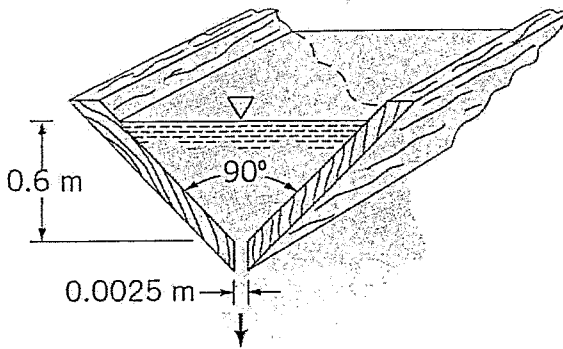


Figure 1

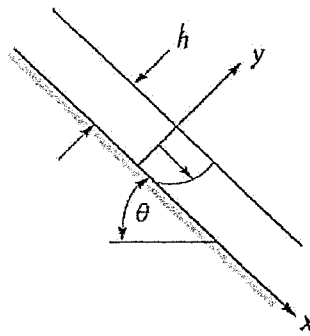


Figure 2

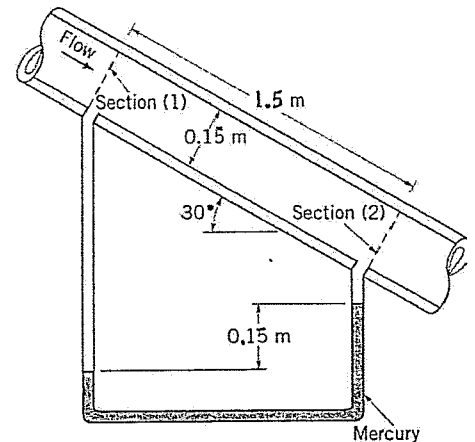


Figure 3

2. (25%) A liquid of constant density ρ and constant viscosity μ flows down a wide, long inclined flat plate (as shown in Figure 2). The plate makes an angle θ with the horizontal. The velocity components do not change in the direction of the plate, and the fluid depth, h , normal to the plate is constant. There is negligible shear stress by the air on the fluid. Find the velocity profile $u(y)$, where u is the velocity parallel to the plate and y is measured perpendicular to the plate. Write an expression for the volume flowrate per unit width of the plate.
3. (25%) Water flows steadily down the inclined pipe as indicated in Figure 3. Determine the following: (a) the difference in pressure $p_1 - p_2$, (b) the loss between sections (1) and (2), (c) the net axial force exerted by the pipe wall on the flowing water between sections (1) and (2). (Mercury SG:13.6)
4. (25%) Explain the physical meaning and the application of the following terms: (a) Reynold number, (b) Bernoulli's equation, (c) Conservation of momentum, (d) Reynold transport theorem, (e) Buckingham Pi theorem.