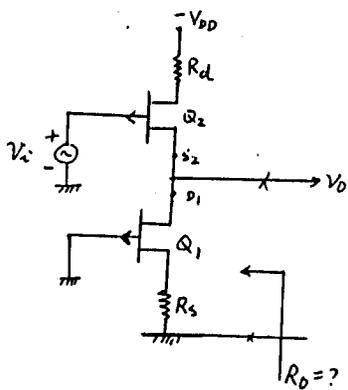


(←) In the following circuit, two FETs are identical with parameters μ , r_d and g_m . Please find $A_v \cong \frac{V_o}{V_i} = ?$ and output impedance $R_o = ?$



(四) (i) For Fig. (a), please use the approximate model for the transistor to obtain the lower 3-dB frequency $f_L = ?$

(ii) In Fig. (b), please find $A_v(s) \cong \frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} = ?$

(iii) please draw a complete circuit of astable multivibrator to generate an unsymmetrical square-wave.

(iv) what is the circuit in Fig. (c)?

(v) what is the circuit in Fig. (d)?

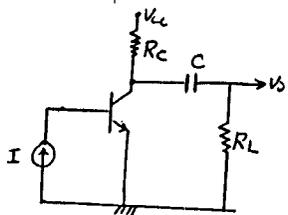


Fig. (a)

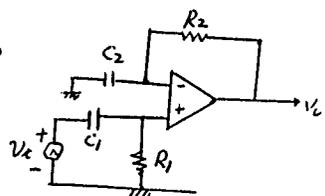


Fig. (b)

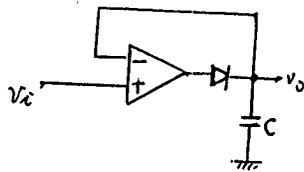


Fig. (c)

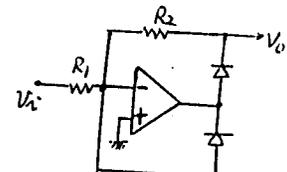
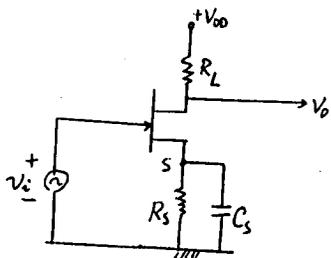


Fig. (d)

(⇒) For the circuit shown, please analyze the effect of a source bypass capacitor C_s on low frequency response.

please find $A_v(s) \cong \frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)}$ and

plot the idealized Bode magnitude plot.

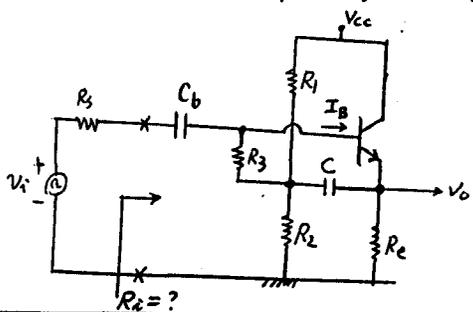


(⇨) The following circuit is a bootstrapped emitter-follower.

Please use the approximate model of the transistor and neglect the reactances of capacitors.

(a) For dc-analysis, please find $I_B = ?$

(b) For ac-analysis, please find $R_i = ?$



(五) (i) For Fig. (a), please find $R_i = ?$

(ii) For Fig. (b), please verify that J-K flip-flop truth table is satisfied by the difference equation $Q_{n+1} = J_n \bar{Q}_n + \bar{K}_n Q_n$

where $Q_n \cong$ the present state
 $Q_{n+1} \cong$ the next state

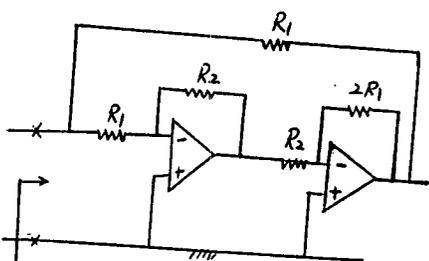


Fig. (a)

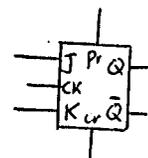


Fig. (b)