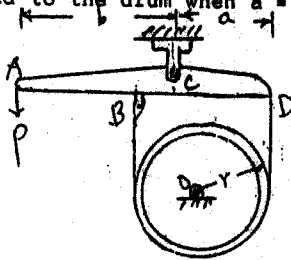
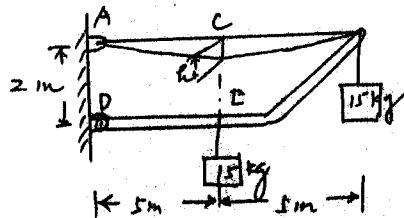


part I (40%)

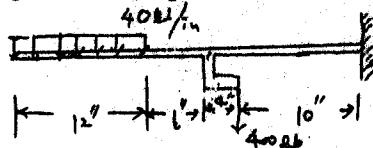
1. A brake drum of radius  $r = 175$  mm is rotating counterclockwise when a force  $P$  of magnitude  $70$  N is applied at  $A$ . Knowing that the coefficient of kinetic friction is  $0.4$ , determine the moment about  $O$  of the friction forces applied to the drum when  $a = 250$  mm and  $b = 350$  mm. (15%)



2. The total mass of cable  $ACB$  is  $10$  kg. Assume that the mass of the cable is distributed uniformly along the horizontal. Determine (a) the sag  $h$ , (b) the slope of the cable at  $A$ . (10%)



3. Sketch the shear and bending-moment diagrams for the cantilever beam shown. (15%)



(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

Part II (60%)

- Collar A starts from rest at  $t = 0$  and moves upward with a constant acceleration of  $3.6 \text{ in./s}^2$ . Knowing that collar B moves downward with a constant velocity of  $16 \text{ in./s}$ , determine (a) the time at which the velocity of block C is zero, (b) the corresponding position of block C. (20%)
- A uniform sphere of radius  $r$  and mass  $m$  is placed with no initial velocity on a belt which moves to the right with a constant velocity  $v_1$ . Denoting by  $\mu_k$  the coefficient of kinetic friction between the sphere and the belt, determine (a) the time  $t_1$  at which the sphere will start rolling without sliding, (b) the linear velocity and the angular velocity of the sphere at time  $t_1$ . (20%)
- The slender homogeneous rod AB of mass  $m$  and length  $L$  is free to rotate about a horizontal axle through its mass center G. The axle is supported by a frame of negligible mass which is free to rotate about the vertical CD. Knowing that, initially,  $\theta = \theta_0$ ,  $\dot{\theta} = 0$ , and  $\dot{\phi} = \dot{\phi}_0$ , show that the rod will oscillate about the horizontal axle and determine (a) the range of values of angle  $\theta$  during this motion, (b) the maximum value of  $\dot{\theta}$ , (c) the minimum value of  $\dot{\phi}$ . (20%)

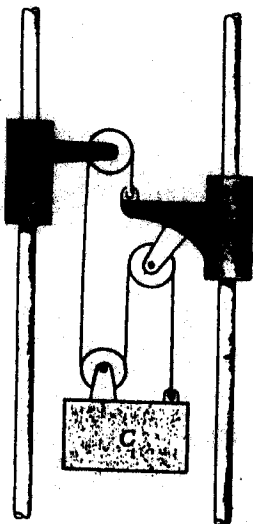


Fig 1

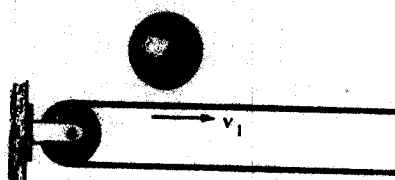


Fig 2.



Fig 3.