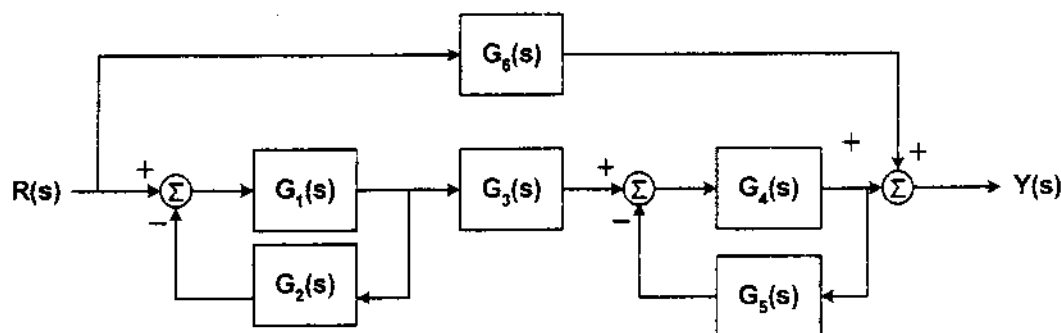


1. (10%) Please find the transfer functions for the following block diagram:



2. (15%) Please find the unit step response and the frequency response, respectively, for the following systems:

(7%) (a) $\frac{4}{s+1}$; (8%) (b) $\frac{2}{s^2 + 0.2s + 1}$

3. (15%) Consider the lead compensator

$$C_1(s) = K \frac{Ts + 1}{\alpha Ts + 1} \quad \text{where } \alpha < 1$$

- (a) (5%) Show that the phase of the lead compensator is given by

$$\phi = \tan^{-1}(T\omega) - \tan^{-1}(\alpha T\omega)$$

- (b) (5%) Show that the frequency where the phase is maximum is given by $\omega_{\max} = \frac{1}{T\sqrt{\alpha}}$

and that the maximum phase corresponds to $\phi_{\max} = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1-\alpha}{1+\alpha}\right)$

- (c) (5%) For a compensator $C_2(s) = K' \frac{s+z}{s+p}$, please show that the frequency where the

phase is maximum is given by $\omega_{\max} = \sqrt{|z||p|}$.

4. (25%) The "inverted-pendulum balancing problem" involves a cart of mass M running a straight horizontal track under the influence of a force u . Friction proportional to the cart's velocity opposes its motion; the friction coefficient is k . On top of the cart is a frictionless hinge connected to a lightweight rod of length l , with a concentrated mass m at its end. Denoting δ for the cart's displacement from the equilibrium and ϕ for the angle between the rod and the vertical yields the following differential equations:

(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

$$(M+m)\ddot{\delta} + ml \cos(\phi)\ddot{\phi} - ml \sin(\phi)\dot{\phi}^2 + k\dot{\delta} = u$$
$$l\ddot{\phi} - g \sin(\phi) + \cos(\phi)\ddot{\delta} = 0$$

Assume $M = m = k = l = g = 1$ for simplicity.

- (a) (5%) Find the state-space equation for the system (the state $x = (\delta \ \dot{\delta} \ \phi \ \dot{\phi})$).
- (b) (5%) Find a linear system of the form $\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$ (Using the approximation $\sin(\phi) \approx \phi$, $\cos(\phi) \approx 1$ and $\phi\dot{\phi} \approx 0$) for the part (a).
- (c) (5%) Find a coordinate-transformation matrix P such that the linear state equation can be expressed by a controllable form in the new coordinate.
- (d) (5%) Find a state feedback gain vector K such that all four poles of the closed-loop system equal -1 .
- (e) (5%) If the output is set as $y = x_3$, then show that the linear system is not observable.

Which state variables cannot be distinguished from this output y .

5. (15 %) A control system has the closed-loop transfer function

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{b_0s + a_2}{s^2 + a_1s + a_2}$$

Please find the parameters (a_1, a_2, b_0) such that the following specifications are satisfied simultaneously:

- (i) The rise time $t_r < 0.1 \text{ sec}$; (ii) The overshoot $M_p < 20\%$; (iii) The settling time $t_s < 0.5 \text{ sec}$; (iv) The steady-state error to step reference input is zero; (v) The velocity-error constant $K_v \geq 100$.
6. (20%) A negative unity-feedback control system has a proportional controller K and transfer function
- $$G(s) = \frac{(s+3)}{(s+1)(s-2)}$$
- (a) (5%) Plot the root-locus for $0 \leq K < \infty$.
- (b) (5%) Find the breakaway point and reentry point of the root-locus.
- (c) (5%) Show that the locus which is not on the real axes will be a circle, and find its center and radius.
- (d) (5%) Find the range of K in which the control system is stable.