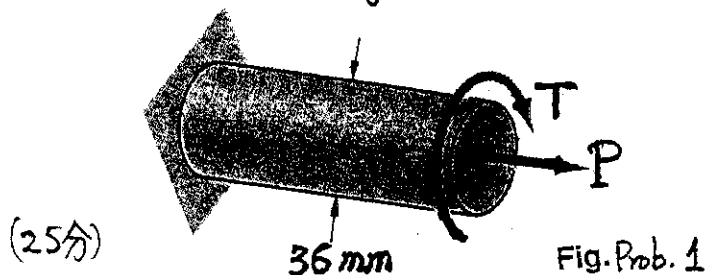


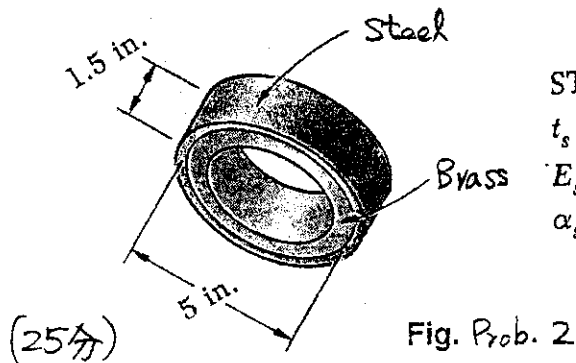
本試題是否可以使用計算機： 可使用， 不可使用（請命題老師勾選）

Prob. 1 A 36 mm diameter shaft is made of a grade of steel with a 250 MPa tensile yield strength. (a) Using the maximum-distortion-energy criterion, determine the magnitude of the force P at which yield first occurs when $T = 708 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$.
 (b) Solve Prob. (a) by using the maximum-shearing-stress criterion,



(25分)

Prob. 2. A brass ring of 5-in. outer diameter and $\frac{1}{4}$ -in. thickness fits exactly inside a steel ring of 5-in. inner diameter and $\frac{1}{8}$ -in. thickness when the temperature of both rings is 50°F . Knowing that the temperature of both rings is then raised to 125°F , determine (a) the tensile stress in the steel ring, (b) the corresponding pressure exerted by the brass ring on the steel ring.



(25分)

STEEL

$$t_s = \frac{1}{8} \text{ in.}$$

$$E_s = 29 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$$

$$\alpha_s = 6.5 \times 10^{-6} / ^\circ\text{F}$$

BRASS

$$t_b = \frac{1}{4} \text{ in.}$$

$$E_b = 15 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$$

$$\alpha_b = 11.6 \times 10^{-6} / ^\circ\text{F}$$

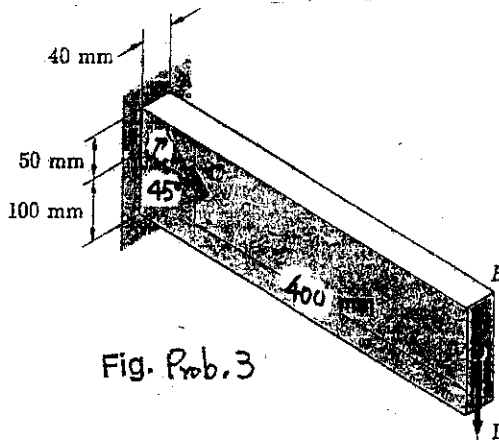
(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

本試題是否可以使用計算機: 可使用, 不可使用 (請命題老師勾選)

Prob. 3. A cantilever steel bar AB with a 40×150 -mm rectangular cross section supports a load P at end B . A single strain gage forming an angle of 45° with the horizontal is attached to the surface of the bar at a point C located 400 mm from end B and 50 mm below the bar's upper edge. Knowing that $E = 200$ GPa and $\nu = 0.30$, determine the magnitude of the load P indicated by a gage reading of 240μ .

- (Hint) (1) The Hookes' Law under Biaxial stress state must be used.
 (2) The Mohr's circle for 45° strain-gage direction may be used.

(25分)



Prob. 4. A 150-lb diver jumps from a height of 25 in. onto end A of a diving board having the uniform cross section shown. Assuming the diver's legs remain rigid and using $E = 1.7 \times 10^6$ psi for the board, determine (a) the maximum deflection of point A , (b) the maximum bending stress in the board, (c) the equivalent static load.

- (Hint) The Castigliano's Theorem can be used to determine the deflection of a beam:

$$y_j = \frac{\partial U}{\partial P_j} = \int_0^L \frac{M}{EI} \frac{\partial M}{\partial P_j} dx$$

(25分)

