

1. Solve the following ordinary differential equations:

(a) $xy'' + y' = y'^2$ (5%)

(b) $\begin{cases} x' = -2x + y \\ y' = -4x + 3y + 10\cos t \end{cases}$ (5%)

(c) $y'' - 2y' + y = e^x + x$ (5%)

(d) $(x^2D^2 - 2xD + 2)y = x^3\cos x$ (5%)

2. Answer the following questions: (20%)

(1) Wronskian = $W(y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n) = ?$ for linear dependence and independence of functions y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n .

(2) What's the radius of convergence of the series $\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} x^m/m!$?

(3) Legendre polynomial of degree $n, P_n(1) = ?$

(4) Gamma function, $\Gamma(\alpha+1) = ?$ for $\alpha > 0$.

(5) An orthonormal set g_1, g_2, \dots on an interval $a \leq x \leq b$, $(g_m, g_n) = ?$ $m=1, 2, \dots; n=1, 2, \dots$

(6) $L^{-1}[1] = ?$

(7) Does $l*f = f$ in general?

(8) Does $\bar{A}\bar{B} = \bar{0}$ imply $\bar{A} = \bar{0}$ or $\bar{B} = \bar{0}$?

(9) $\bar{A} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix}$, $\bar{A}^{-1} = ?$

(10) Jacobian = $J = \frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)}$ = ? where x, y , are rectangular coordinates and r, θ , are polar coordinates.

3. Mathematical problems are most easily solved in nondimensional form. Illustrate the procedure for turning the model equation into nondimensional form by considering the steady-state reaction and diffusion in a slab, which can be modelled as:

$$D \frac{d^2c}{dx^2} - kc^2 = 0, \quad -D \frac{dc}{dx} = 0, \quad x=0; \quad c = c_0, \quad x=L,$$

where D, k are the diffusion coefficient and thermal conductivity, respectively.

Don't try to solve the problem.

(10%)

4. A tank contains 2 m^3 of water. A stream of brine containing 20 kg/m^3 of salt is fed into the tank at a rate of $0.02 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$. Liquid flows from the tank at a rate of $0.01 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$. If the tank is well agitated, what's the salt concentration in the tank when the tank contains 4 m^3 of brine?

(10%)

5. The reaction rate constant for the decomposition of a substituted dibasic acid has been determined at various temperatures as follows:

T(°C)	50.0	70.1	89.4	101.0
$k \times 10^4 (\text{h}^{-1})$	1.08	7.34	45.4	138

How can you determine the activation energy (E) in the equation $k = A e^{-E/RT}$, where T is measured in degrees Kelvin, by using the method of least squares? (10%)

6. Find the two half-range expansions of the function

$$f(x) = x^2 \quad (0 < x < L)$$

(10%)

7. What are the corresponding eigenvalue problems of the following problems:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \text{ subjected to the conditions:}$$

(a) $u(0, t) = 0, u(L, t) = 0, u(x, 0) = f(x).$

(b) $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(0, t) = 0, \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(L, t) = 0, u(x, 0) = f(x).$

And solve the eigenvalue problems.

(20%)