

1. 解 $(2x+1)^2 y'' + 5(2x+1)y' + 3y = 0$ (12%)

2. 解 $\frac{dx}{dt} = 2x + 3y + 2e^{2t}$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = x + 4y + 3e^{2t}$$

$$\text{已知 } x(0) = -\frac{2}{3}, \quad y(0) = \frac{1}{3},$$

試求 $x(t)$ 及 $y(t)$. (14%)

3. 利用分離變數法解

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 2(x+y)u \quad (10\%)$$

4. $\iint_S (x^3 dy dx + x^2 y dy dx + x^2 y dx dy) = ?$

S : 圓柱體之表面，包括 (i) $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ ($0 \leq z \leq 3$)

(ii) $z = 0$ ($x^2 + y^2 \leq 4$) (iii) $z = 3$ ($x^2 + y^2 \leq 4$) (14%)

5. 試由直角座標系 (x, y) 之 Laplacian $\nabla^2 u = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$

求準極座標系 (r, θ) 之 Laplacian，已知 $x = r \cos \theta$,

$y = r \sin \theta$. (14%)

6. $z = x + iy$, $i = \sqrt{-1}$, 求下列線積分值

(a) $\oint_C \frac{z^2 + 1}{z^2 - 1} dz = ?$ c: $|z| = 2$ (逆時向) (10%)

(b) $\bullet \int_C (x + i \bar{z}y) dz = ?$ c: 由 $(0, 0)$ 至 $(2, 4)$ 之直線段 (10%)

7. $z = x + iy$, z 平面上領域 $S: \begin{cases} -\frac{\pi}{4} < x < 0 \\ y > 0 \end{cases}$

經 $w = i \tan z$ 映至 w 平面所對應之領域為何？

繪圖示之。 (註 $i = \sqrt{-1}$)

(16%)