1. (20%)

Solve the following differential equations for y(x).

a) 
$$y'-y=xy^2$$
 ,  $y(0)=0.5$ 

a) Evaluate the integral

b) 
$$y'' - y = 4xe^x$$
,  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$ 

$$\int_C \frac{ie^z}{(z-2+i)^2} dz$$

where C is the counter clockwise circle |z|=2.

- b) Consider the mapping, w = 1/z. Describe and sketch
  - i) the image of circles which do not pass through the origin in the z plane.
- ii) the image of circles which pass through the origin of the z plane.
- 3. (20%)

Find the radius of convergence and interval of convergence of the power series:

a) 
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+1} (x+1)^n$$
,

b) 
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-\frac{1}{3})^n (x-1)^n$$
,  
c)  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n3^n} (x+1)^n$ .

4. (20%)Consider a vertical system of masses and springs. The notations in the figure are:

 $k_{01}$ ,  $k_{12}$ ,  $k_{23}$ , and  $k_{34}$ : spring constants

 $m_i$ , i=1,2, and 3: masses

 $y_i$ : displacement of mass i from the static position

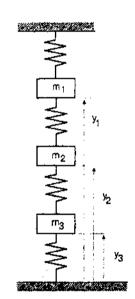
Assuming there are no frictions, the differential equations for displacements of the masses are given by

$$m_1 \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y_1(t) = -(k_{01} + k_{12}) y_1 + k_{12} y_2$$

$$m_2 \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y_2(t) = k_{12} y_1 - (k_{12} + k_{23}) y_2 + k_{23} y_3$$

$$m_3 \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y_3(t) = k_{23} y_2 - (k_{23} + k_{34}) y_3$$
Derive the eigenvalue problem associated with a

harmonic oscillation. Assume that  $m_1=m_2=m_3=m$  =constant.



## 5. (20%)

Use the method of the Fourier sine function expansion to solve the problem:

PDE 
$$u_t = u_{xx} + \sin(3\pi x)$$
  $0 < x < 1$ 

BCs 
$$\begin{cases} u(0,t) = 0 \\ u(1,t) = 0 \end{cases}$$

IC 
$$u(x,0) = \sin(\pi x) \qquad 0 \le x \le 1.$$