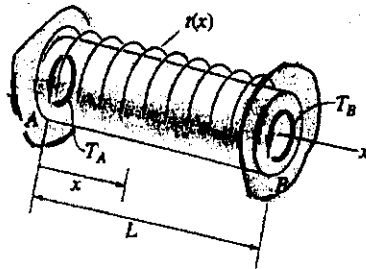
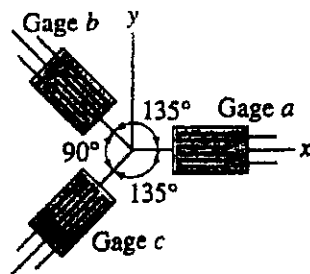


本試題是否可以使用計算機： 可使用， 不可使用（請命題老師勾選）

1. (25%) A uniform shaft of diameter d and length L is subjected to a distributed external loading $t(x) = t_0[1 - (x/L)^2]$, where t_0 is a constant. Determine the (torque) reactions, T_A and T_B , at the fixed supports at A and B .



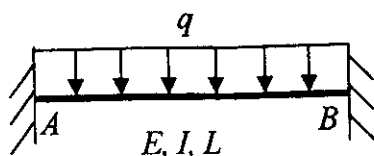
2. (25%) At a point on the surface of a steel machine component, the strain rosette (shown in the Figure below) measured the following extensional strains: $\epsilon_a = 700 \mu$, $\epsilon_b = 560 \mu$, and $\epsilon_c = -280 \mu$.
- Determine the strain components ϵ_x , ϵ_y and γ_{xy} at the rosette location.
 - Determine the stress components σ_x , σ_y and τ_{xy} at the rosette location.
 - Using a Mohr's circle for strain, determine the principal strains and the maximum shear strain at the point.
 - Letting $E = 30 \times 10^3$ ksi (i.e. 210 GPa) and $\nu = 0.30$, determine the principal stresses and the absolute maximum shear stress at the point.



(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

本試題是否可以使用計算機： 可使用， 不可使用（請命題老師勾選）

3. (25%) A fixed-end beam AB of length L supports a uniform load of intensity q . Find the *maximum bending moment* and the *maximum deflection* of the beam.



4. (25%) The system shown below consists of two bars AB and BC , each of bending stiffness EI and length L , elastically hinged together at B by a *torsional spring* of stiffness K .
- (a) Derive an equation for the buckling load P_{cr} of the system.
- (b) Find the lowest buckling loads when (i) $K \rightarrow \infty$ and (ii) $EI \rightarrow \infty$, respectively.
- (c) Justify the results you obtained in (b).

