

※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機。 請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

1. Find the general solution of  $[x \frac{d}{dx} - 1]^3 y = 0$ . (10%)

2. Solve the following equation  $y'' + 2y' + 2y = f(t)$  where  $f(t)$  is an arbitrary function. (15%)

3. Find the Fourier series of  $x(t) = t, -\pi < t < \pi, x(t) = x(t + 2\pi)$  and calculate the series sum of  $1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{9} + \dots$  (15%)

4.  $\vec{v} = a(x + y)\vec{i} + a(y - x)\vec{j} + z^2\vec{k}$ , calculate  $\oiint_S \vec{v} \cdot \vec{n} dA$ , where  $S: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ . (5%)

5.  $\vec{v} = (2xy^2z + \cos y)\vec{i} + (2x^2yz - x \sin y + \sin z)\vec{j} + (x^2y^2 + y \cos z)$ , calculate  $\oint_C \vec{v} \cdot d\vec{r}_p$  where  $C: x = \cos \theta, y = \sin \theta, z = 2$ . (5%)

6. Laplace transform and Fourier transform are defined as

$$X(s) = L[x(t)] \equiv \int_0^{\infty} x(t)e^{-st} dt, \quad x(t) = L^{-1}[X(s)] \equiv \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{a-i\infty}^{a+i\infty} X(s)e^{st} ds$$

$$X(\omega) = F[x(t)] \equiv \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)e^{-i\omega t} dt, \quad x(t) = F^{-1}[X(\omega)] \equiv \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(\omega)e^{i\omega t} d\omega$$

For a given function  $x(t)$ , use one simple equation to relate its Laplace transform

$L[x(t)]$  and the Fourier transform of an auxiliary function of  $x(t)$ . Calculate  $L[1]$ ,

$L[\delta(t)], F[1], F[\delta(t)]$ . (15%)

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7. Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix: 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (10\%)$$

8. Use the method of separating variables to find the general solution of Helmholtz

equation in polar coordinates  $\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left\{ r \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial r} \right\} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial \theta^2} + k^2 \psi = 0$  where  $k^2$  is a constant. (15%)

9. Evaluate the following integral  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{1+x^4} dx$  (10%)