

國立成功大學

111學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號： 174

系 所： 電機工程學系

科 目： 線性代數

日 期： 0219

節 次： 第 3 節

備 註： 不可使用計算機

※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

1. (24 pts) **Make** each statement **True** or **False** and **JUSTIFY** each answer. 3 pts for each question. (Correct answer for 2 pts and suitable justification for 1 pts.)
 - (a). A is $n \times n$ matrix. If $\lambda+5$ is a factor of the characteristic polynomial of A , then 5 is an eigenvalue of A .
 - (b). If A is 3×3 , with columns a_1, a_2 , and a_3 , then $\det A$ equals the volume of the parallelepiped determined by a_1, a_2 and a_3 .
 - (c). If \mathbf{u} is in the row space and the column space of an $n \times n$ matrix A , then $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{0}$. A is $n \times n$ matrix and A is diagonalizable if $A = PDP^{-1}$ for some matrix D and some invertible matrix P .
 - (d). If A is similar to B , then A^2 is similar to B^2 .
 - (e). The best approximation to \mathbf{y} by elements of a subspace W is given by the vector $\mathbf{y} - \text{proj}_W \mathbf{y}$.
 - (f). Not every orthogonal set in \mathbb{R}^n is linearly independent.
 - (g). If \mathbf{z} is orthogonal to \mathbf{u}_1 and to \mathbf{u}_2 and if $W = \text{Span} \{\mathbf{u}_1; \mathbf{u}_2\}$, then \mathbf{z} must be in W^\perp .
 - (h). If \mathbf{b} is in the column space of A , then every solution of $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ is a least-squares solution.

2. (a). (5 pts) Compute the following determinants: $A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 1 & 9 & 9 & 9 \\ 9 & 0 & 9 & 9 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 9 & 0 & 3 & 9 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & 0 & 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.

(b). (10 pts) Find E^{2022} where $E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.

3. (15 points) Let $W = \text{Span} \{\mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_2\}$, where $\mathbf{x}_1 = [-1, -2, 0]^T$ and $\mathbf{x}_2 = [-1, 3, -1]^T$.
 - (a). (8 points) Use the Gram-Schmidt process to find an orthogonal basis $\{\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_2\}$ for W .
 - (b). (7 points) Let $\mathbf{y} = [2, -4, 1]^T$. Decompose \mathbf{y} as $\mathbf{y} = \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \mathbf{z}$, where $\hat{\mathbf{y}}$ is in W and \mathbf{z} is in W^\perp .

4. (46 pts) Let $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$. Find

- (a) Find the LU factorization of \mathbf{A} . (5 pts)
- (b) Find the QR factorization of \mathbf{A} . (5 pts)
- (c) Diagonalize $\mathbf{A}^T\mathbf{A}$. (5 pts)
- (d) Find the maximum value of the quadratic form $\mathbf{x}^T(\mathbf{A}^T\mathbf{A})\mathbf{x}$ subject to the constraint $\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{x} = 5$ and find a unit vector at which this maximum value is attained. (5 pts)
- (e) Find a singular value of decomposition (SVD) of \mathbf{A} . (5 pts)
- (f) Find an orthonormal basis for $(\text{Col } \mathbf{A})^\perp$. (5 pts)
- (g) Find \mathbf{A}^+ (reduced SVD of \mathbf{A}). (6 pts)
- (h) Find the least-squares solution for $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = [1, 0, 1]^T$. (5 pts)
- (i) Find the orthogonal projection of $\mathbf{b} = [1, 0, 1]^T$ on $\text{Col } \mathbf{A}$. (5 pts)