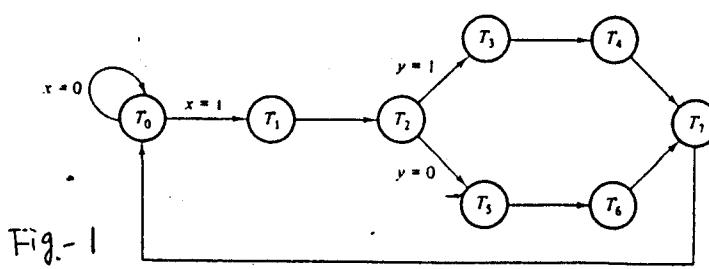


1. Explain the following terms:
  - (a) S-100 bus
  - (b) IEEE-488 bus
  - (c) Warshall's Algorithm
  - (d) shell sort
  - (e) hub polling
2. A relation on a set  $S$  (and its corresponding digraph and adjacency matrix) is transitive if for any three elements  $x, y$ , and  $z$  in  $S$ , if  $x$  is related to  $y$  and  $y$  is related to  $z$  then  $x$  is related to  $z$ 
  - (a) What must be true of a digraph if it represents a transitive relation
  - (b) what must be true of the boolean product of the adjacency matrix of a transitive digraph with itself
  - (c) Prove that the transitive closure of any digraph is transitive
3. How can you represent a polynomial in three variables ( $x, y$  &  $z$ ) as a circular list? Each node should represent a term and should contain the powers of  $x, y$  and  $z$  as well as the coefficient of that term. Write pascal functions to do the following:
  - (a) Add two such polynomials
  - (b) Multiply two such polynomials.
4. A control unit has two inputs  $x$  and  $y$  and eight states. The control state diagram is shown in Fig.-1
  - (a) Design the control using eight D flip-flops
  - (b) Design the control using a register, a decoder and a PLA.



5. A computer uses the shift register shown in Fig.-2 to perform shift and rotate operations. Inputs to the control logic for this register consist of

- ASR Arithmetic Shift Right
- LSR Logic Shift Right
- SL Shift Left
- ROR Rotate Right
- LD Parallel Load

All shift and load operations are controlled by one clock input. The shift register is implemented by using D flip-flop. Give a complete logic diagram for the control logic and for bits  $r_0$ ,  $r_1$  and  $r_{15}$  of the shift register.

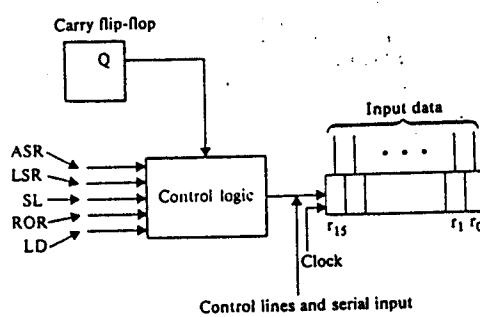


Fig.-2