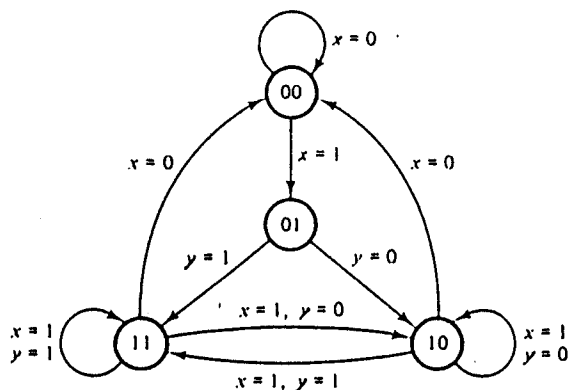


1. Explain the following terminologies. (15%)
 - (a) Vector Computation.
 - (b) Fault-Tolerant system.
 - (c) Virtual memory.
 - (d) privileged Instructions.
 - (e) RISC.
2. If the time-shared bus is used to constructing a multiprocessor system. (15%)
 - (a). Describe the bus structure of the time-shared bus.
 - (b). Discuss the features it must provided in a multiprocessor configuration.
 - (c). Compared to other approaches, discuss its advantages and disadvantages and explain how to improve the drawback.
3. (a). Describe a Cache/Main memory structure which use the Set-Associate Mapping function.
 (b). Explain the Replacement algorithms which is used when a new block is brought into the Cache.
 (c). Discuss the Write-policies it is used to update the main memory. (15%)
4. Three techniques are possible for I/O operations. For each I/O method, discuss the hardware structure about the CPU and the I/O Interface, the procedure it needed to perform. and the overhead of the Software programming. (15%)

5. A sequential circuit has four states and two (20%) input, x and y . The state diagram is shown in Fig. 1.



Figure

(a). Design the circuit with JK-FF. (Use A, B, C as the FF's name).

(b). Use a 3-bits register and a ROM to implement this circuit.

6. A Booth's algorithm for 2's-Complement (20%) multiplication is shown in Fig. 2.

(a). Use $(7) \times (3)$, $(-7) \times (3)$, $(9) \times (-5)$, $(-9) \times (-5)$ as the example to perform the Booth's Algorithm

(b). Draw the equivalent ASM chart, and the state table of this multiplier's Control Circuit.

(c). Use D flip-flop and a decoder to implement the circuit.

(d). Use One flip-flop per state method to implement this circuit.

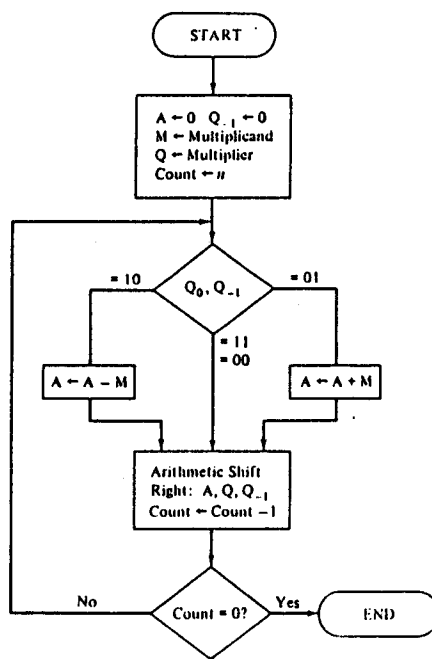


FIGURE Booth's algorithm for 2's-complement multiplication.