85 學年度 國立成功大學 碩士班招生考試电機工程研究所 控制工程 頁 第 頁

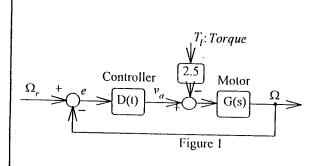
- 1. A DC motor speed control is shown in Figure 1, where $G(s) = \frac{K_0}{s+1}$, $D(t) = K[e + \frac{1}{K_I} \int_0^t e^{-dt}]$, $\tau = 1/60$, and $K_0 = 10$.
 - (a) Please compute the transfer function from torque T_I to output Ω .

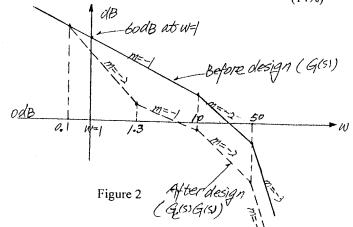
(b) Please compute the transfer function from reference input Ω_r to output Ω .

- (c) Please determine K and K_I so that the characteristic equation of the closed-loop system will have roots at $-60 \pm j60$.

(Hint: for parts (a) & (b),
$$\frac{v_a(s)}{e(s)} = D(s)$$
) (10%)

2. The Bode Plot shown in Figure 2 is before and after compensation of an open-loop feedback system. Determine the compensation network transfer function $G_c(s)$ (14%)



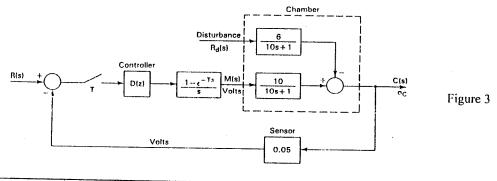


- 3. A unity feedback system has the open-loop transfer function $G(s) = \frac{K(s+5)^2}{s^2(s-10)}$. Please draw the Nyquist plot to determine the range of K for which the system is stable. (Note: Any other method is NOT accepted.) (13%)
- 4. (a) Please define the meanings of (OR explain the physical meanings of) "linearity", "relaxed at t_0 ", "causal", and "time
 - (b) If a linear system has p input terminals and q output terminals, and if the system is initially relaxed at $-\infty$, then the inputoutput description can be described as $y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} G(t,\tau) u(\tau) d\tau$, where $y(t) \in \mathbb{R}^q$ is the output vector, $u(t) \in \mathbb{R}^P$ is the input vector, and $G(t,\tau) \in \mathbb{R}^{q \times p}$ is the impulse response matrix. Please give new input-output descriptions for the following systems: (1) a linear relaxed at t_0 system, (2) a linear, causal, and relaxed at t_0 system, (3) a linear time invariant system, and (4) a linear time invariant, causal, and relaxed at $t_0 = 0$ system. (8%)
- 5. Consider the temperature control system of Figure 3. Suppose that the digital filter transfer function is given by $D(z)=1.2+\frac{0.1z}{z-1}$ which is a PI controller. Suppose that T=2 s and let $R_{z}(s)=0$.
 - (a) Using the closed-loop transfer function, derive a discrete state model for the system.

(8%)

- (b) Derive a discrete state model for the plant from the plant transfer function. Then derive the state model of the closed-loop system by adding the filter and the feedback path to the flow graph of the plant. (6%)
- (c) Calculate the transfer function from the state model of (b), to verify these results.

(6%)



(背面仍有题目,請繼續作答)

(85) 學年度 國立成功大學 遊戲 乙程研究 授制 乙程 頁 試題 第 2 頁

- 6. Consider a unity feedback system with $G(s) = \frac{K(s+\alpha)}{s(s+3)(s+6)}$
 - (a) Sketch the root locus for α =5.

(b) Find the values of α and K that will yield a second-order closed-loop pair of poles at -1±j100.

(7%)

(6%)