

- Solve for the following differential equations.
 - $yy'' + (y+1)(y')^2 = 0$. (5%)
 - $y'' - 4y = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sin(nx)$. (5%)
- Evaluate the integral $I = \int_0^{\infty} \sqrt{x} e^{-x^3} dx$. (5%)
 - Given that Laplace transform $L\{t^{-1/2}\} = (\pi/s)^{1/2}$, please find the value of $L\{t^{1/2}\}$. (5%)
- For the differential equation $xy'' - 2xy' + 2y = 0$,
 - Find the general solution in power series form. (10%)
 - Check for the radius of convergence of the power series from (a). (5%)
- Find the Fourier Transform of the following function
 - Unit step function $u(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases}$ (5%)
 - Delta pulse $d(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - nT)$, where $\delta(t)$ is Dirac delta function. (5%)
 - $|F(\omega)|$ is the amplitude spectrum of $f(t)$. Determine and draw $|F(\omega)|$, where $f(t) = \frac{2 \sin(at)}{t}$ (5%)
 - Let $g(t) = d(t)f(t)$ where $d(t)$ and $f(t)$ are defined in (b) and (c). In addition, let $0 < T < \frac{\pi}{a}$. Determine and draw the amplitude spectrum of $g(t)$ (5%)
- Solve the following Sturm-Liouville problem on interval $(0, R]$

$$x^2 y'' + xy' + (\lambda x^2 - n^2)y = 0; y(R) = 0$$
 where n is a nonnegative integer.
 - Find the eigenvalues and the corresponding eigenfunctions. Express eigenfunctions in terms of $J_n(x)$ and $Y_n(x)$. (10%)
 - In addition, we require that the solutions remain bounded as $x \rightarrow 0$ from the right. Determine the general solution of this problem. (5%)
- Solve the following system of equations by using method of eigenvalues and eigenvectors, (10%)

$$y_1'' = -5y_1 + 2y_2;$$

$$y_2'' = 2y_1 - 2y_2, \quad \text{where } y'' = d^2 y / dt^2.$$
- Expand each of the following functions in a Laurent series that converge for $0 < |z| < R$ and determine the precise region of convergences:
 - $\frac{1}{z(1+z^2)}$, (5%)
 - $z \cos\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$. (5%)
- Evaluate the following integral, where C is the ellipse $9x^2 + y^2 = 9$ (counterclockwise) (10%):

$$\oint_C \left(\frac{ze^{\pi z}}{z^4 - 16} + ze^{\pi/z} \right) dz.$$