## 90 學年度國立成功大學期光工程形於 工程數學 試題 共成頁

壹、

(a). Find the general solution of (10%)

$$y^{(4)} + 11y^{(3)} + 36y'' + 16y' - 64y = -3e^{-4x} + 2\cos(2x)$$

Hint: The characteristic equation is

$$(r+4)^3(r-1) = 0$$

(b). Solve the follow equation (y(x)=?) (10%)

$$x^2y'' + 5xy' - 2y = 0$$

貳、Consider a mass-spring system as in Fig.1 with a periodic driving force  $A\sin(\omega t)$  and no damping. Assuming that the mass is initially at rest in the static equilibrium position, then the motion is governed by

$$my'' + ky = A \sin(\omega t),$$

$$y(0) = y'(0) = 0$$

- (a). Using Laplace transformation method to solve y(t) = ? (20%)
- (b). Show the result in (a) with cases: (5%)

(1). 
$$\omega \neq \omega_0$$
, and (2).  $\omega = \omega_0$ 

(Here 
$$\omega_0^2 = k/m$$
)

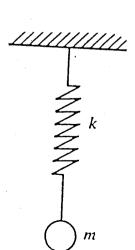


Fig. 1

(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

## 90 學年度國立成功大學 当上工程旅新工程 較少 試題 共 克 頁 碩士班招生考試 完正在旅新工程 較少 試題 第 到 頁

\*\*Consider the mass-spring system of Fig.2, in which  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  measure displacements of masses  $m_1$  and  $m_2$ , respectively, from equilibrium positions. The spring constants are  $k_1=5$  and  $k_2=6$  as shown, and we chose  $m_1=m_2=1$ . Assume no damping and no external driving forces.

The motion is governed by:

$$y_1'' = -(k_1 + k_2)y_1 + k_2y_2,$$
  
 $y_2'' = +k_2y_1 - k_2y_2,$ 

 $k_{1}=5$   $m_{1}=1$   $k_{2}=6$   $m_{2}=1$ System in equilibrium  $y_{2}$   $\downarrow iq. 2$ 

- (a). Find the eigenvalue of the system in Fig.2.
- (10%)
- (b). Find the eigenvector fo the system in Fig.2.
- (10%)
- (c). Find the general solution of the system in Fig.2.
- (10%)

肆、Consider steady-state heat conduction in a flat plate having temperature values prescribed on the sides, as shown in Fig.3. The boundary value problem modeling this is

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0 \qquad (0 < x < \alpha, \ 0 < y < \beta),$$

$$u(x,0) = u(x,\beta) = 0$$

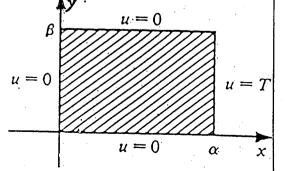
$$(0 < x < \alpha)$$
,

$$u(0, y) = 0$$

$$(0 < y < \beta),$$

$$u(\alpha, y) = T$$

$$(0 < y < \beta)$$
.  $u = 0$ 



Find the solution of u(x, y) = ?

(25%)