

線性代數

1. For $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 & 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$, find $\det A$.
[10%]

2. For $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, find its eigenvalues and eigenvectors.
[10%]

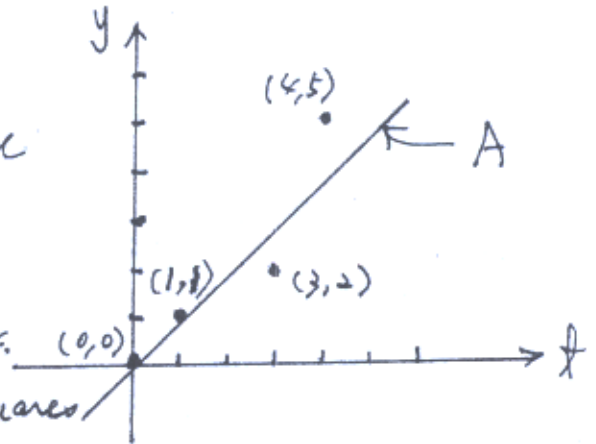
3. Suppose we are given the
[10%] four measurements marked
on the figure:

$$y=0 \text{ at } t=0, \quad y=1 \text{ at } t=1,$$

$$y=2 \text{ at } t=3, \quad y=5 \text{ at } t=4.$$

Please find a least-squares
fitting line A for these

four data. (Hint: The line A may be
 $y = a + bt$, you need to find
 a and b .)



(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

4. Solve the following simultaneous equations:

$$[10\%] \begin{cases} x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 + x_4 = 0 \\ 2x_1 + 5x_2 = 8 \\ x_1 - 14x_3 + 8x_4 = -15 \\ -2x_1 - 3x_2 + 14x_3 + 2x_4 = 10 \end{cases}$$

5. Prove that the vectors

$$[10\%] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

span the same subspace of \mathbb{C}^3 as do

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Probability (2004)

6. (20%) Let Y follow $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ and U follows the exponential distribution with parameter λ . Answer the following questions.
- (i) (10%) To find the probability $\Pr(U \geq a)$ for a given value a , we need only a calculator. Why?
- (ii) (10%) We cannot use a non-programmable calculator to find the probability $\Pr(Y \geq a)$ for a given value a . Explain why not?
7. (30%) Let random variable U_i follow the exponential distribution with parameter $\lambda_i = i$ and all U_i 's are mutually statistically independent, where $i = 1, 2$. Answer the following questions.
- (i) (15%) Let $U^{\min} = \min\{U_1, 2U_2\}$. How are we going to find the distribution of U^{\min} ? Give the distribution of U^{\min} if you can.
- (ii) (15%) Let $U^{\max} = \max\{U_1, 2U_2\}$. How are we going to find the distribution of U^{\max} ? Give the distribution of U^{\max} if you can.