

國立成功大學

111學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號： 70

系 所： 機械工程學系

科 目： 自動控制

日 期： 0219

節 次： 第 1 節

備 註： 可使用計算機

※ 考生請注意：本試題可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

1. Consider the closed-loop system in Figure 1. Determine values of the parameters  $k$  and  $a$  so that the following specifications are satisfied: (25%)

- (1) The steady-state error to a unit step input is zero.
- (2) The closed-loop system has a percent overshoot less than 5%.

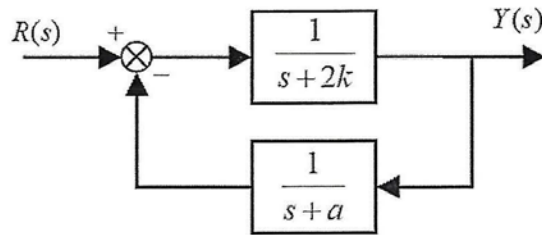


Figure 1. Closed-loop system with parameters  $k$  and  $a$ .

2. For the system shown in Figure 2, do the following: (25%)

- (1) Sketch the root locus
- (2) Find the imaginary crossing and the corresponding gain,  $K$ , at the crossing.
- (3) Find the real-axis breakaway to two-decimal-place accuracy.
- (4) Find the closed-loop zeros.
- (5) Find the gain,  $K$ , for a closed-loop step response with 30% overshoot.
- (6) Discuss the validity of your second-order approximation.

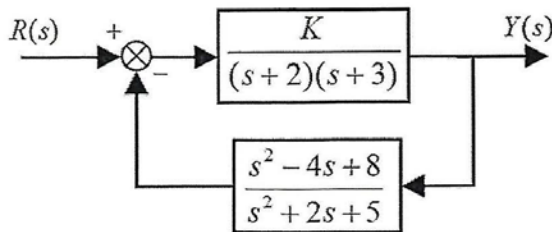


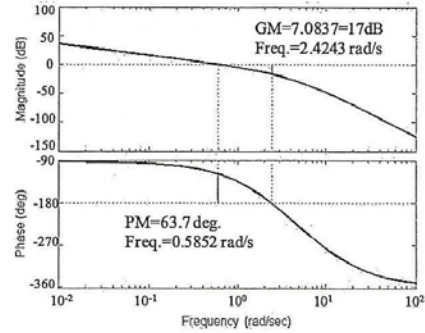
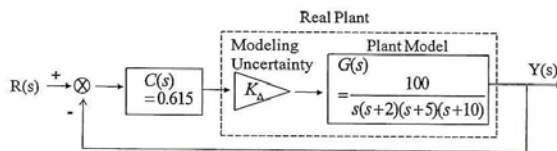
Figure 2. Closed-loop system in Problem 2.

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3. (25%)

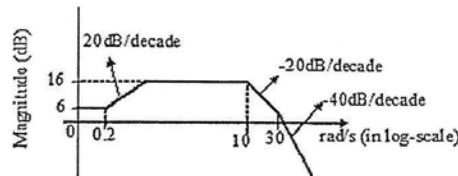
A feedback control system and the Bode plots of loop transfer function,  $L(s)=G(s)C(s)$ , are shown below, where  $K_{\Delta}$  is the modeling uncertainty. In order to investigate what value of  $K_{\Delta}$  can be tolerated in this feedback system to keep stable, please do the following analysis.

- (1) (10%) Please draw the Nyquist plot of  $L(s)$ .
- (2) (8%) Please draw the Nichols plot of  $L(s)$
- (3) (7%) Now, if  $K_{\Delta}$  is a complex number and of the form,  $K_{\Delta} = e^{-j\theta}$ , and a control-engineer proposes a method called “phase loci” by varying  $\theta$  to see how the roots change in the equation,  $1 + e^{-j\theta}G(s)C(s) = 0$ . Explain what would be the value of  $\theta$  that makes the branch intersect the imaginary axis and the corresponding intercept value?



4. (25%)

The magnitude plot for a system is shown as,



- (1) (10%) Assuming the corresponding system is a minimum-phase system, please estimate the transfer function.
- (2) (10%) Based on the result of (1), sketch the phase plot.
- (3) (5%) Based on the result of (1), determine the gain-margin and phase-margin.