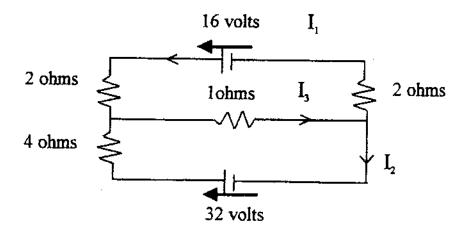
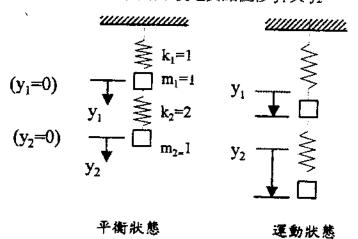
92學年度國立成功大學機械工程學於甲,乙、丙)工程數學

战题 共 A 頁

(1).(15%)試以高斯消去(Gauss Elimination)法,求解下列線性電路系統之電流量 I_1,I_2 與 I_3 。



(2).(15%)試求解下列線性彈簧一質點系統之質點位移 y_1 與 y_2 。



(3).(15%) Find the steady-state oscillation of y'' + 0.02y' + 25y = r(t) where r(t) is given as

$$r(t) = \begin{cases} t + \frac{\pi}{2} & \text{if } -\pi < t < 0 \\ -t + \frac{\pi}{2} & \text{if } 0 < t < \pi \end{cases}$$

here

$$r(t+2\pi)=r(t)$$

(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

- 裁題 共 耳 頁
- (4).(20%) Let us first consider the temperature (T) in a long thin bar or wire of constant cross section and homogeneous material, which is oriented along the x-axis and is perfectly insulated laterally.
 - (a) Write down the differential equation for the temperature
 - (b) Derive the general solution of this differential equation
 - (c) Find the temperature in a laterally insulated bar of length L whose ends are kept at temperature 0, assuming that the initial temperature is

$$T(0,x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } 0 < x < L/2 \\ (L-x) & \text{if } L/2 < x < L \end{cases}$$

- (5).(15%)Classify each of the following differential equations by stating the order, whether the equation is homogeneous or non-homogeneous, and it is linear or nonlinear (in which variable.)
 - (a) $d^2y/dx^2 + 3x^2 = 2(dy/dx)^2$
 - (b) $dy/dx + y/x = xy^2$
 - (c) dy/dx = (x+y)/(x-y)
 - (d) $(3x^2 + y\cos x)dx + (\sin x)dy = 0$
 - (e) $d(yu) = y^2 du$
- (6).(10%)Solve $dy/dx = (y + x^4)/x$
- (7).(10%) Let S be a closed regular surface and r denote the position vector of any point (x, y, z) measured from an origin O. Evaluate

$$\iint_S \frac{n \cdot r}{r^3} dS$$

in which \overline{n} is the outward unit normal vector to dS and r = |r|.