編號: 149

國立成功大學 105 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系 所:環境工程學系

考試科目:環境化學及環境微生物學

考試日期:0227, 節次:2

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※ 考生請注意:本試題不可使用計算機。 請於答案卷(卡)作答,於本試題紙上作答者,不予計分。

Selected Values of log x. You may need this information for the following calculation.

x	log x
1	0
2	0.301
3	0.477
4	0.602
5	0.699
6	0.778
7	0.845
8	0.903
9	0.954

- 1. (a) Give the structural formula for the following compounds. (7 points)
 - (b) Please rank the following compounds from most (most likely to partition into the atmosphere) to least volatile. Please also give your reason. (8 points)
 - 1) Benzene
 - 2) Phenol
 - 3) Chloroform
 - 4) Bromoform
 - 5) Trichloroethene
 - 6) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
 - 7) Tetrachloroethene (also called prechloroethene)
- 2. A buffer is made by combining monosodium oxalate (NaC₂O₄H) and disodium oxalate (Na₂C₂O₄) to give concentration of 0.01 M for monosodium oxalate and 0.02 M for disodium oxalate. The pK_{a1} and pK_{a2} for oxalate are 1.25 and 4.28 respectively.
 - (a) What is the initial pH of this buffer? (7 points)
 - (b) What is the pH of this buffer after the addition of 0.005M NaOH? (8 points)

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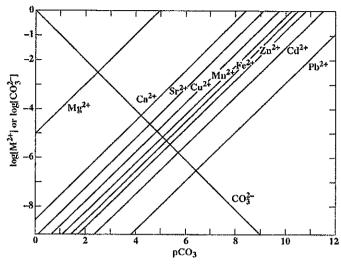
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3. The following is the logarithmic concentration diagram showing the solubility of various metallic carbonates at 25 °C. "M²⁺" represents divalent cations.



- (a) Please determine the solubility product of calcium carbonate and magnesium carbonate. (5 points)
- (b) Please determine the solubility of Ca²⁺ in water sample containing 10⁻³ molar carbonate at 25°C. (5 points)
- 4. Which parameter, H (Henry's law constant), S_w (water solubility), or K_{ow} (octanol water partition coefficient), would you expect to be better predictors for whether a compound will sorb strongly to particulate material in soils and sediments, why? (10 points)
- 5. Please define the terminology terms and the possible relationships.
 - (a) Nitrosomonas and Nitrobacter (6 pts)
 - (b) Carboxysome and Ribulose-1,5,-bisphosphate Carboxylase (Rubisco) (6 pts)
 - (c) Polymerase Chain Reaction and Agarose Gel Electrophoresis (6 pts)
 - (d) Acetogenesis and Methanogenesis (6 pts)
 - (e) Natural Attenuation Method and Bioaugmentation Method (6 pts)
- 6. (a) Please describe how to use the streak plate technique and the serial dilution method to obtain a pure bacterial culture for degrading benzene pollutant from soil (10 pts), and (b) how do you justify the "purity" of the culture (10 pts).