

國立成功大學

111學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號： 156

系 所： 生物醫學工程學系

科 目： 電子學

日 期： 0219

節 次： 第 2 節

備 註： 可使用計算機

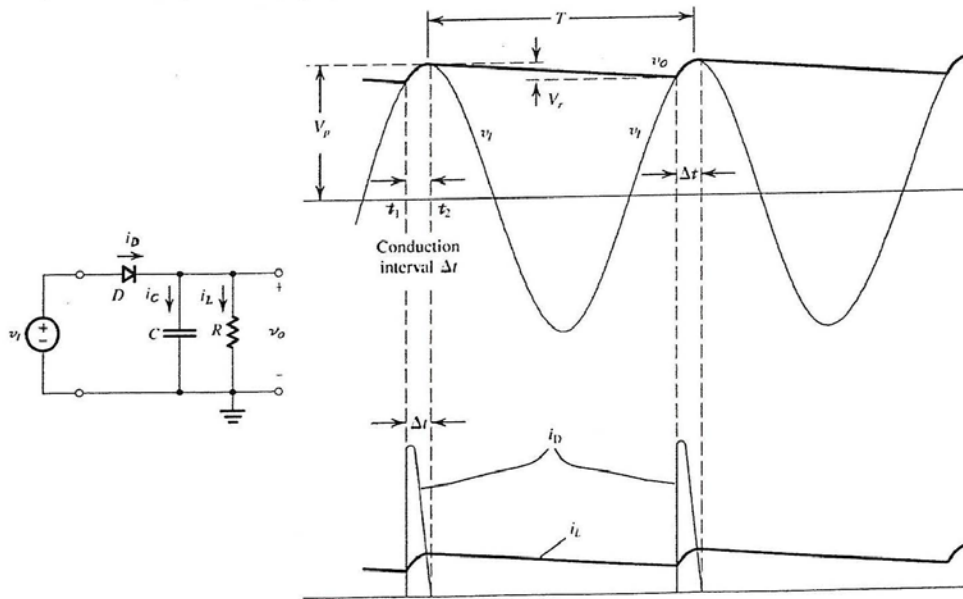
※ 考生請注意：本試題可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

- (Total 20%)** Please explain in what kind of conditions that the MOSFET enters saturation region / triode region (10%) and what are the drain current (I_D) of NMOS in saturation / triode region (10%)?
- (Total 20%)** (A) Please derive the Boolean function between output (Y) and input (A and B) as shown in the truth table of Table 1 (5%). Please draw the circuit using (B) Diode (5%), (C) BJT (5%), (D) MOSFET (5%) that can fulfill the Boolean function as you derive in (A).

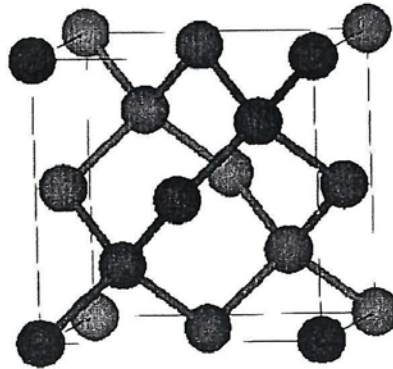
Table 1

A (Input-1)	B (Input-2)	Y (Output)
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	1	0
1	0	1

- (Total 10%)** For the half-wave rectifier shown in the following figure (left), its corresponding input/output waveform is shown in the right side of the following figure. Let's assume the diode in the rectifier circuits is ideal, please find the equation of V_r (2%), $\omega\Delta t$ (2%), $i_{D\text{av}}$ (3%), $i_{D\text{max}}$ (3%).



4. **(Total 20%)** (A) Please draw the circuit of BJT differential amplifier with BJT current-mirror loads (5%) and drive (B) differential gain (5%), (C) input differential resistance (5%), and (D) systematic input offset voltage (5%).
5. **(Total 20%)** Please draw the circuit of common-base amplifier (5%) and find its output resistance (15%).
6. **(Total 10%)** The lattice structure of Germanium is the same as silicon (diamond structure), the atomic weight Germanium is 72.59, and the lattice constant is 0.564 nm. Find the density (g/cm^3) (4%), atomic density (atoms/cm^3) (3%), and the spacing between nearest-neighbor atoms in Germanium (3%).



Lattice structure of Germanium