

(乙)

1. A positive point charge  $Q$  is at the center of a spherical conducting shell of an inner radius  $a$  and an outer radius  $b$ . Determine the potential  $V$  and electric field  $\vec{E}$  as functions of the radial distance  $r$ . (20%)
2. Two spherical conductors with radii  $a$  and  $b$  ( $b > a$ ) are connected by a conducting wire. The distance of separation between the conductors is assumed to be very large compared to  $b$  so that the charge on the spherical conductors may be considered as uniformly distributed. A total charge  $Q$  is deposited on the spheres. Find (a) the charges on the two spheres, and (b) the electric field intensities at the sphere surfaces. (20%)
3. How can wave equation be derived from Maxwell's equations? Assume the medium is lossless and source-free. Can you write a diffusion equation? (20%)
4. State Poynting theorem. What is Poynting vector?  
An electric field  $E$  is produced by two parallel plates and a magnetic field  $H$  is produced by a permanent magnet as shown in the right figure. Does Poynting vector exist in this case? Why? (20%)
5. An electron is moving in a circular orbit of radius  $3.5 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$  in the presence of a uniform magnetic field  $B = 4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ T}$ . If the electron experiences a torque of magnitude  $7.85 \times 10^{-26} \text{ N-m}$ , determine the electron's angular velocity and magnetic moment. (10%)
6. How to make electric shielding and magnetic shielding? Please give brief explanations. (10%)

