## 國立成功大學九十六學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編號: 240 系所:醫學工程研究所丁組

科目:普通化學

本試題是否可以使用計算機: □可使用 , ☑不可使用 (請命題老師勾選)

1. (10%) Name the following compounds with English and Chinese.

(1) Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub>, (2)SnO<sub>2</sub>, (3) K<sub>4</sub>[Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>], (4) KMnO<sub>4</sub>, (5) NaHCO<sub>3</sub>

- 2. (10%) What current is needed to deposit 0.500 g of chromium from a solution containing Cr<sup>3+</sup> over a one hour period (MW for Cr=52)? (Farady's law: Q (charge) = nF) Here, n = number of moles of electrons, F = constant of 96500 Coulomb/mole)
- **3.** (10%) Chlorine exists as two isotopes in nature,  $^{35}_{17}Cl$  (atomic weight 34.969%, natural abundance = 75.77%), and  $^{37}_{17}Cl$  (atomic weight 36.966).
  - (1) What is the % natural abundance for  $_{17}^{37}Cl$  isotope and what is it different from  $_{17}^{35}Cl$ ?
  - (2) What is the atomic weight of naturally occurring Chlorine?
  - (3) How many times heavier is  ${}_{17}^{37}Cl$  than  ${}_{17}^{35}Cl$ ?
- **4.** (10%) A compound is known to contain carbon and hydrogen. It might also contain oxygen. A 0.500 g sample of the compound is burned to produce 0.409 g H<sub>2</sub>O and 0.999 g CO<sub>2</sub>.
  - (a) What is the empirical formula for this compound?
  - (b) What is the percent by mass for each element in this compound?
  - (c) The molar mass of this compound is 132.159 g/mole. What is the molecular formula for this compound?
  - (d) Write the balanced combustion reaction (reaction with O<sub>2</sub>) for this compound.
- 5. (10%) Using a diagram, show you would construct a zinc-aluminum battery. Label the cathode, the anode, the + electrode, and the electrode. Also, be sure to indicate the direction of electron flow and identify the beaker in which oxidation occurs and the beaker in which reduction take place.
- **6.** (10%) Consider the reaction:  $CH_4(g) + 2 H_2S(g) \rightleftharpoons CS_2(g) + 4 H_2(g)$ The equilibrium concentrations of the reactions and products are:  $CS_2 = 6.10 \text{ x}$  $10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ;  $H_2 = 1.17 \text{ x } 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ;  $CH_4 = 2.35 \text{ x } 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ;  $H_2S = 2.93 \text{ x } 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ . Please calculate the value of equilibrium constant  $(K_{eq})$  for this reaction.

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7. (10%) When acid is added to a buffer, the pH changes a little bit. Why does the pH change at all and why doesn't the buffer hold the pH completely constant?

- **8.** (5%) Draw a dot diagram for the molecule; (1) O<sub>3</sub>, ozone, and (2) CO, carbon monoxide.
- **9.** (5%) Chloromethane has a much higher boiling point than methane. Please give two reasons for this.
- 10. (5%) A tank of acetylene gas  $(C_2H_2)$  contains 48.5 lb if the gas and is at a pressure of 600.2 lb/in.<sup>2</sup> (760 mmHg = 14.696 lb/in.<sup>2</sup>, 453.6 g = 1 lb). Express the pressure of the gas in atmospheres and the amount of gas in moles.
- 11. (5%) How many milliliters of a 0.250 M solution of glucose ( $C_6H_{12}O_6$ ) are required to obtain 100.0 g of glucose?
- 12. (5%) For a particular reaction, the reactions are at 30 kJ/mole, the products are at 60 kJ/mole, and the transition state is at 100 kJ/mole. Sketch a reaction energy profile showing both  $\Delta E_{rxn}$  and  $E_a$ . Also, calculate the magnitude of  $\Delta E_{rxn}$  and state whether this reaction is endothermic or exothermic.
- 13. (5%) How do we go about determining the orders in a rate law?