

國立成功大學

115學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號：132

系 所：通訊工程研究所

科 目：通訊數學

日 期：0203

節 次：第 1 節

注 意：1. 不可使用計算機
2. 請於答案卷(卡)作答，於
試題上作答，不予計分。

1. Consider Bernoulli trials with success probability p . Let X be the number of trials until the first success and Y be the number of trials from the first success until the second success.

- (a) (15%) Prove that for any two positive integers x and y , the events $\{X = x\}$ and $\{Y = y\}$ are independent.
- (b) (15%) Obtain the Probability Mass Function of the random variable $X + Y$.

2. Let X and Y be the x and y coordinates, respectively, of a point selected at random (i.e. uniformly) from the upper half of the unit circle, that is from the set $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x^2 + y^2 < 1, y > 0\}$

- (a) (10%) Find the joint Probability Density Function of X and Y .
- (b) (10%) Determine the probability that the point obtained lies in the triangle with vertices $(-1, 0)$, $(0, 1)$ and $(1, 0)$.

3. (20%) Mark each of the following statements True (T) or False (F). (Need not to give reasons.)

- (a) For two square matrices A and B of the same size, if AB is invertible, then BA is also invertible.
- (b) If T and S are two linear operators on a vector space V . Then $T^2 + 3S$ is also a linear operator on V .
- (c) Every matrix has its singular value decomposition. (If we do not consider the zero matrix.)
- (d) Every square matrix can be diagonalized.

4. (15%) If A is a positive-definite matrix, show that A is also an invertible matrix.

5. (15%) Consider two sequences (a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n) and (b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n) in \mathbb{C}^n , where \mathbb{C} denotes the set of complex numbers. Choose the true statement(s) in the following. (a) $\left| \sum_{k=1}^n a_k b_k \right|^2 \leq$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n |a_k|^2 \sum_{k=1}^n |b_k|^2 \quad (b) \quad \left| \sum_{k=1}^n a_k \bar{b}_k \right|^2 \leq \sum_{k=1}^n |a_k|^2 \sum_{k=1}^n |b_k|^2 \quad (c) \quad \left| \sum_{k=1}^n \bar{a}_k b_k \right|^2 \leq \sum_{k=1}^n |a_k|^2 \sum_{k=1}^n |b_k|^2$$

$$(d) \quad \left| \sum_{k=1}^n \bar{a}_k \bar{b}_k \right|^2 \leq \sum_{k=1}^n |a_k|^2 \sum_{k=1}^n |b_k|^2$$