

※ 考生請注意：本試題 可 不可 使用計算機

1. A full-wave rectifier circuit shown in Fig. 1 is to deliver 0.1 A and 15 V (average) to a load R. The ripple voltage is to be no larger than 0.4 V peak-to-peak. The input signal V_1 is 120 V (rms) at 60 Hz. Assume diode turn-on voltages of 0.7 V. Determine the required turns ratio (N_1/N_2) and the filter capacitance C value. (11%)
2. A CMOS inverter circuit shown in Fig. 2 has the parameters of $V_{DD}=5$ V, $V_{TN}=-V_{TP}=1$ V, $K_N=100 \mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$, and $K_P=50 \mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$. Determine the values of noise margins (NM_L , NM_H) and the gate threshold voltage V_M . (22%)
3. (a) Explain briefly why BJTs and FETs can amplify ac signals? (6%)
(b) Redefine the small-signal parameters of the transistor to absorb the emitter resistance R_E in Fig. 3 (*i.e.*, to find g_{m2} , $r_{\pi 2}$, and r_{o2} in terms of g_{m1} , $r_{\pi 1}$, and r_{o1}). (6%)
(c) A single BJT amplifier is needed that has a gain of -0 dB and an input resistance of 25 M Ω with a load resistance of 25 k Ω . What is the preferred choice of amplifier configuration? Explain why you made this selection. (4%)
4. (a) Derive i_{out} and R_{out} for the circuit shown in Fig. 4. Assume the small-signal parameters of the MOSFET are g_m and r_o . (8%)
(b) The MOSFETs in the circuit of Fig. 5 are matched, having $k'_n(W/L)_1 = k'_p(W/L)_2 = 1.5 \text{ mA}/\text{V}^2$ and $|V_t| = 0.5$ V. For G and D open, find the drain currents I_{D1} and I_{D2} . For $r_o = \infty$, what is the voltage gain of the amplifier from G to D? (10%)

(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

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5. Consider the circuit as shown in Fig. 6. The circuit is biased with $V_{cc} = 12\text{ V}$, and the load resistance is $R_L = 75\ \Omega$.

The device parameters are :

$$I_{SD} = 5 \times 10^{-13}\text{ A for } D_1 \text{ and } D_2,$$

$$I_{SQ} = 2 \times 10^{-13}\text{ A, } \beta_n = \beta_p = 60 \text{ for } Q_n \text{ and } Q_p.$$

- (a) Neglecting base currents, determine the required value of I_{Bias} such that the quiescent currents in Q_n and Q_p are $I_{CQ} = 5\text{ mA}$. (6%)
- (b) Find i_{cn} , i_{cp} , V_{BE_n} , V_{EB_p} , and I_D when $V_o = 2\text{ V}$. (8%)
- (c) What is the power conversion efficiency for this circuit when the output is a sinusoid and the peak output voltage reaches 80 percent of V_{cc} ? (8%)
6. Consider the phase-shift oscillator shown in Fig. 7, with parameters $C = 100\text{ pF}$ and $R = 10\text{ K}\Omega$.
- (a) Determine the frequency of oscillation. (6%)
- (b) Find the minimum required value of R_2 for sustaining oscillation. (5%)

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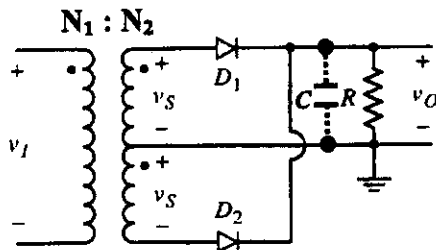


Fig. 1

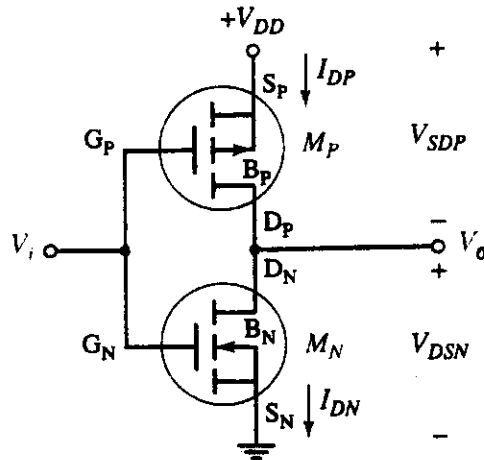


Fig. 2

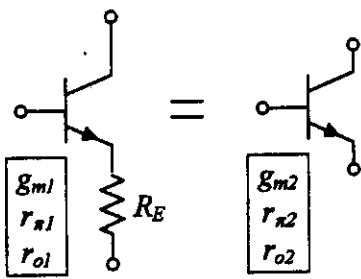


Fig. 3

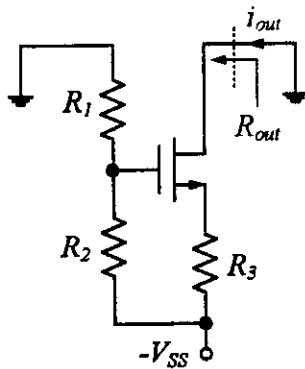


Fig. 4

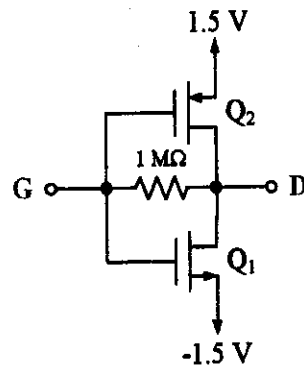


Fig. 5

