

1. 簡答題：請說明下列名詞的意義(15%)

- (1) Ecological Fallacy
- (2) Causal relationship
- (3) Sensitivity & Specificity
- (4) Nominal Group Process
- (5) Endemic & Sporadic

2. Alma, a small, three-year-old child, was playing with her siblings outside her home in a small, semi-urban, slum area. While chasing her older brothers she trod on a nail. Her mother washed the wound and bandaged it. The wound remained red and 'angry'. Over a week the wound did not heal, the area remained red and 'angry', with flaring up the leg. Alma began to complain that she had pain in her groin, she became weak and febrile. Alma was taken to hospital when her mother could not control her fever and she died within a few days of admission. (30%)

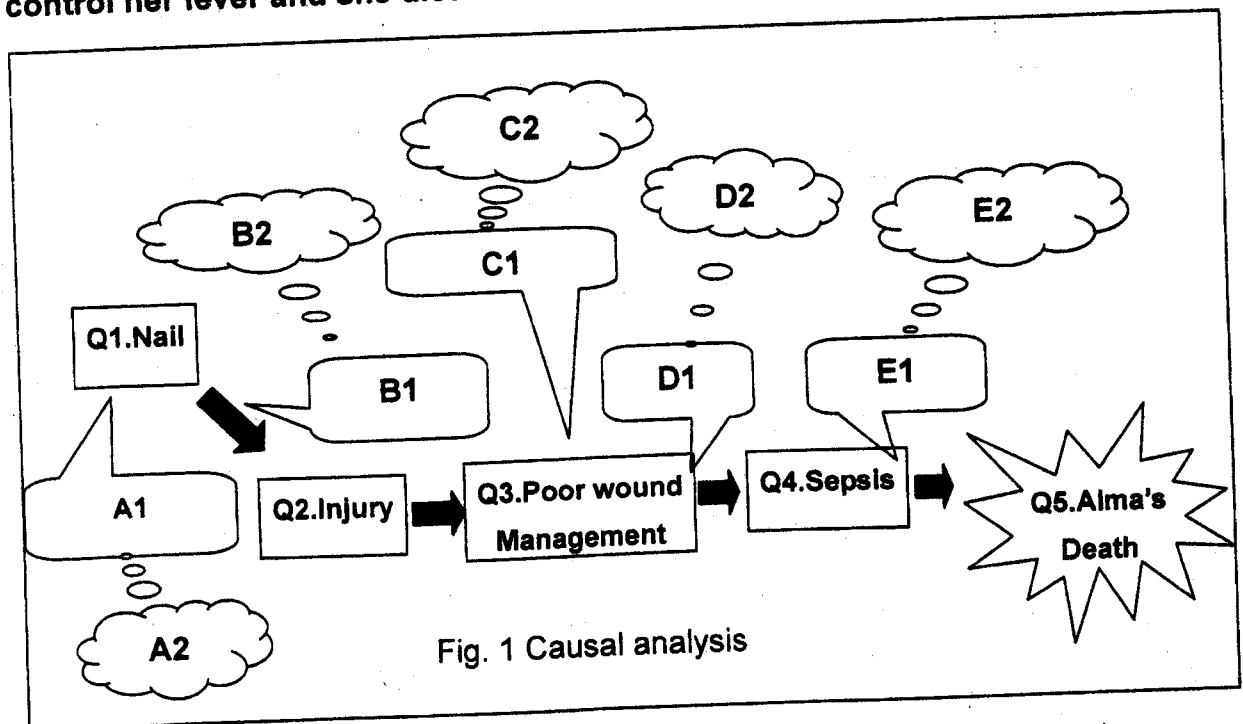


Fig. 1 Causal analysis

請根據题目的敘述，分析 Fig.1 中各問題的背後最有可能的成因(或危險因素)，請依 A1~E2 填寫並闡述您寫此原因之理論或依據。

(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

本試題是否可以使用計算機：可使用，不可使用（請命題老師勾選）

考試日期：0302，節次：2

3. 某市將健康體位作為健康城市指標之一，若您為衛生主管單位，該如何規劃？請依下列問題說明闡述。

(1)健康體位之定義特徵為何？(5%)

(2)您將會訂定何種目標，其依據為何？(5%)

(3)請設計達到此目標之可行計畫(內容需含短長程目標、政策、策略、資源、進行方法、步驟、評價指標與方式)。(15%)

4.現階段社區營造在實作上，強調夥伴關係的重要。

請說明(1)夥伴關係的內涵及其在社區營造的意義？(5%)

(2)如何成功的營造夥伴關係？(5%)

5.2008年1月立法委員改選，台灣的政治版圖呈現新的佈局，請簡要說明立法院運作與社區健康的關係為何？(8%)

6.就您長期以來對社區健康的關注，請您提出最應優先觀照的健康議題。

請說明(1)議題內容及理由？(6%)

(2)對此議題你期待達成的目標？(6%)