編號: 386

## 國立成功大學九十九學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所組別: 醫學檢驗生物技術學系

考試科目: 生物技術

※ 考生請注意:本試題 □可 ☑不可 使用計算機

- Please describe several methods that can be used to detect single nucleotide polymorphism in DNA. (12%)
- Please describe several methods that are commonly used to quantitate the amplicons during real-time PCR. (13%)
- (1) Define <u>proteomic analysis</u>; (2) Provide three different proteomic approaches/techniques commonly employed in biomedical research; (3) Briefly explain the principles and procedures for each of these three techniques. (12%)
- (1) Define <u>comparative genomic hybridization (CGH</u>); (2) Briefly explain the principles and procedures for CGH. (7%)
- Explain why <u>umbilical cord blood (諸帶血</u>) has become a very useful biotech product. And how it can be employed to medical treatment/research? (6%)
- 6. In breast cancer cells, protein X can be down-regulated in response to anti-cancer drug. Please design four methods to explore the down-regulation and describe their rationale. (20%) What do you expect the possible roles of the protein X in breast cancer? (5%)
- What is component vaccine? Please describe the advantages and disadvantages of component vaccines generated by recombinant protein technology. (25%)