- 1. Please describe the *origins*, *divisions* and the *innervation* of PARASYMPATHETIC NERVES. (10%)
- 2. Please (a) name the blood vessels in the LUNGS and describe their distribution'; (b) name contents in the HILUM of the LUNG. (10%)
- 3. Please explain the following terms which describe parts of PERITONEUM: (a) mesentery, (b) omentum, (c) peritoneal ligaments; (d) peritoneal fold; (e) peritoneal recess. (10%)
- 4. List (a) the *joints* of the PELVIS; (b) the *structures* that mark the boundaries of the PERINEUM. (10%)
- 5. List movements of CERVICAL INTERVERTEBRAL JOINTS and the principal muscles producing these movements. (10%)
- 6. Please briefly draw a figure of LOWER LIMB BONES (including the HIP bones) in a lateral view and name them (every bone). (10%)
- 7. Draw a figure to illustrate the BRACHIAL PLEXUS including all the branches and name them. Please indicate the SPINAL origin of the brachial plexus as well. (10%)
- 8. The PITUITARY has two functional components, adenohypophysis and neurohypophysis. The adenohypophysis consists of pars distalis, pars intermedia and pars tuberalis. The neurohypophysis consists of pars nervosa and infundibulum. Please draw a figure in a sagittal view to put those five parts of pituitary together and name them. Also, please indicate where the hypothalamus is. Furthermore, please identify which hormones will be secreted by those five parts of the pituitary and what releasing factors will be released from hypothalamus to control hormone secretion by pituitary. (10%)
- 9. Please describe in detail how the human BRAIN gets the BLOOD SUPPLY. You can draw a figure to assist the description. (10%)
- 10. Name the 12 pairs of the CRANIAL NERVES and describe their functions in detail. (10%)