

國立成功大學

115學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號：181

系 所：微生物及免疫學研究所

科 目：分子生物學

日 期：0204

節 次：第 3 節

注 意：1.不可使用計算機
2.請於答案卷(卡)作答，於
試題上作答，不予計分。

1. When a DNA sequence that might be translated into protein is found in the bacterial genome: (25%)
 - (1) What sequence features can help us to speculate that the sequence can be translated into a protein? (10%)
 - (2) What methods can be used to predict the structure and function of the putative (hypothetical) protein? (15%)
2. Please describe two molecular biology methods to reduce the RNA expression of a specific gene in a cell. (Please briefly explain the process, not just mention the method name) (20%, 10% for each method)
3. Please describe two possible timings that DNA homologous recombination may occur in eukaryotes (10%, 5% each), and the difference between homologous recombination and non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) (10%).
4. In eukaryotes, if a DNA mutation results in the decreased protein yield of a gene, please describe two possible mechanisms by which this mutation could lead to the observed phenotype (*decreased yield, not abolished the production). (20%, 10% for each mechanism).
5. Short-answer questions (15%)
 - (1) Please explain what "RNA splicing" is and the biological phenomena it may cause. (5%)
 - (2) Please explain what "cDNA (complementary DNA)" is and how it is produced. (5%)
 - (3) Please list two types of non-coding RNA. (5%)