編號: 350

系所組別: 微生物及発疫學研究所甲、丁組 考試科目: 微生物學

※ 考生請注意:本試題 □可 ☑不可 使用計算機

 (a) Describe influenza pandemics in the twentieth century as well as avian influenza (H5N1) emerged in 1997 and swine-origin influenza virus (H1N1) emerged in 2009, and the origins of these influenza virus. (8%)

(b) Describe the mechanisms for the appearance of new human pandemic strains of influenza virus. (8%)

(c) Describe anti-influenza drugs and their mechanisms of action. (6%)

2. (a) Describe and compare the properties of hepatitis B virus (HBV) and hepatitis C virus (HCV). (8%)

(b) What are the molecular mechanisms of hepatocarcinogenesis of HBV and HCV? (10%)

3. (a) Describe how Dr. Harald zur Hausen, a Nobel laureate of 2008, discovered that human papillomavirus (HPV) causes cervical cancer. (6%)

(b) Describe HPV vaccines developed in recent years. (6%)

- 4. (a) Describe the properties of prions in comparison to viruses. (8%)
 - (b) What kinds of diseases are caused by prions. (6%)
- 5. (a) Describe the mechanisms by which antibiotic resistance can arise and spread. (12%)
 (b) What is MRSA Superbug? How does it threaten human health? (8%)
- Tuberculosis is today the second highest cause of death from an infectious disease worldwide, after HIV/AIDS.
 - (a) How does this old disease re-emerge as a major threat to human health. (6%)

(b) In your opinion, what are key issues that need to be addressed if radical advances in the control of tuberculosis are to be made. (8%)