

第 I、II 大題(1~30 小題)請在答案卡劃記作答，第 III、IV 大題請在答案卷作答。

- I. Based on the context, choose the most suitable word or expression to complete each of the passages below. (50%)

Chinese medicine, 1 modern medicine, has a different philosophy. Instead of focusing on a patient's health problems, Chinese medicine tries to make the patient's whole body well again. 2, doctors of Chinese medicine believe that inside people, there are two types of energy. The first type of energy, called "yin," is quiet and 3. The other type of energy, called "yang," is active. When these two energies are in equal balance, a person is healthy. When there is an imbalance—too much yin, 4—a person becomes unhealthy. A doctor of Chinese medicine doesn't try to stop a person's cough by giving a cough medicine. Instead, the doctor gives a mixture of herbs that will restore balance in the patient's body. 5, when the body is in balance, the cough will stop naturally.

1. (a) apart from (b) in contrast to (c) similar to (d) derived from
2. (a) Therefore (b) Ultimately (c) Likewise (d) Specifically
3. (a) dynamic (b) negative (c) restless (d) passive
4. (a) in particular (b) for instance (c) at last (d) in general
5. (a) To conclude (b) In return (c) In short (d) As a result

Whether we are professional artists or not, the creative arts play an important role in our lives. Through the attention we pay to colors, materials, shapes, and sounds when we select our clothes and decorate our homes, our creative instincts are continually 6 as we express our identity and make our mark in the world.

It is also through creativity—through the language of music, for example—that people 7 and connect with each other. Music allows people to share emotions and feelings that are common to all of us. It is also a comfort in or a refuge from a world that is sometimes cruel and hard to understand.

One of the most difficult realities that people must face is the destruction and cruelty of war. In recent times, the suffering of the city of Sarajevo in the former republic of Yugoslavia has inspired artists and others to come to its aid. Sarajevo, once a prosperous, tolerant city where people of many backgrounds lived together in peace, is now a city torn apart by war and ethnic 8. Sarajevo has come to represent the struggle of the human spirit to maintain its dignity 9 hatred and destruction.

(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

系所組別： 全校

考試科目： 英文(B)

考試日期： 0226， 節次： 4

6. (a) at ease (b) at fault (c) at home (d) at work  
7. (a) cry out (b) find out (c) reach out (d) fall out  
8. (a) rivalry (b) solidarity (c) harmony (d) identity  
9. (a) in the face of (b) in the absence of (c) in exchange for (d) in light of

Responsible tourism is considered an 10 ecotourism that encourages socially responsible travel. In other words, responsible tourism is about supporting fair trade, ecotourism, and local community businesses. In China, responsible tourism initiatives include bringing educational materials from one's home country, taking the materials to schools, and interacting with the teachers and students. In Beijing, the Hutong Tour 11 tourists interact closely with the local people, and the locals benefit from the income and are able to 12 their culture.

13, a major problem with ecotourism and responsible tourism in China is the changing attitudes of tourists. Many tourists these days have higher standards than ever before. They fear the unsanitary conditions in the rural areas, 14 the attraction of the natural beauty. 15, many tourists are only interested in consumption rather than increasing their knowledge about the cultural heritage of an area.

10. (a) access to (b) alternative to (c) approach to (d) appeal to  
11. (a) encourages (b) demands (c) forbids (d) lets  
12. (a) preserve (b) destroy (c) construct (d) assess  
13. (a) Moreover (b) Nevertheless (c) Naturally (d) Eventually  
14. (a) besides (b) unlike (c) despite (d) except  
15. (a) Avoidably (b) Initially (c) Additionally (d) Fortunately

One job many environmentalists have today is to find different ways to 16 waste, or trash, rather than throwing it all in landfills. Many landfills are 17; others are limited in their use. Of all the waste in the United States, 25 percent is organic plant matter which can actually be 18. So rather than throwing table scraps and other natural waste into landfills, people are looking for ways to use them more productively.

One of the ways environmentalists have supported is composting, the process of taking plant matter, breaking it down, and turning it into a nutrient-rich organic material. Microorganisms break down, or decompose, the plant matter 19 sunlight and water. The sunlight and water keep the material warm and moist,

which helps the decomposing process. Because the material, called compost, is high in nutrients, individual as well as large-scale agricultural operations use it to 20 gardens and crops.

16. (a) dump into (b) dispose of (c) left over (d) remove from  
17. (a) filled to capacity (b) full-grown (c) full-sized (d) filling  
18. (a) retrieved (b) retained (c) redeemed (d) recycled  
19. (a) combining with (b) with the help of (c) deprive of (d) in addition to  
20. (a) fertilize (b) germinate (c) solidify (d) ferment

Every year, thousands of people risk their lives crossing the Gulf of Aden to escape conflict, violence, 21 and poverty in the Horn of Africa. With the escalation of fighting in Somalia and a growing food crisis in the region, more and more refugees will 22 the perilous crossing to Yemen. In 2009, more than 20,000 reached the country's shores. Ed Ou spent twenty-five days with one group of refugees as they attempted this difficult journey. . . . During their journey through northern Somaliland, they encountered many obstacles. To start with, Ou and the other Somali refugees had to repair a vehicle before it could be used for their 23. Afterwards, they were prevented from an easy journey by bad weather. . . . They attempted to free a vehicle 24 in mud after heavy rains. Trying to hitch a ride after their effort to free the vehicle failed, these refugees were illuminated by the headlights of the approaching van. . . . It was a very long journey and the exhausted refugees rested in the open before illegally crossing from the desert into Djibouti. . . . On the beach in Djibouti they waited for boats that would take them to Yemen. As soon as they saw a boat, the refugees waded towards it. In the end, more than forty refugees crowded into one small boat, which traveled halfway to Yemen before it broke down, forcing the occupants to return to the shores of Djibouti on March 29, 2010. The refugees were arrested by Djiboutian police shortly after landing, and Ed Ou 25 for five days.

21. (a) precaution (b) prescription (c) repercussion (d) persecution  
22. (a) embark on (b) object to (c) involve with (d) subject to  
23. (a) escapade (b) adventure (c) exodus (d) exploration  
24. (a) stuck (b) stroke (c) smashed (d) drowned  
25. (a) was detained (b) had been delayed (c) would be released (d) should be in jail

(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

## II. There is one error in each sentence. Spot the mistake. 挑錯 (10%)

26. Because his job as Director of Language Center has been extremely stressful,

(a) (b) (c)

he applied for an early retirement and finally got what he wanted.

(d)

27. I may not really have the choice, but I prefer to not raise the issue with the

(a)

professor, although I resent his decision to change the deadline as well as the

(b)

(c)

grading criteria without discussing with the class.

(d)

28. As a pre-eminent political and ideological leader of India during the Indian

independence movement, Gandhi led a massive march to the sea, where he and

(a)

his followers made salt from seawater, in defiance of the Salt Acts, which

(b)

(c)

required all salt was purchased from the British government.

(d)

29. I could have studied more Korean history and literature to help me understand

(a)

(b)

my country better, but instead, I spent so much time to learn English at school.

(c)

(d)

30. As nice as your proposal sounds, it might not work after all, for not many local

(a)

(b)

residents here trust or use the public transportation system, not mention the

(c)

cost it'll entail.

(d)

III. Translation: Translate the five sentences below, about the Research and Services Headquarters (RSH) at National Cheng Kung University (NCKU), into clear and coherent Mandarin Chinese. 請將下列五句有關國立成功大學研究總中心之英文譯成通順、達意、與原文對等且前後連貫之中文。(20%, 4 points each 每題)

4 分。)

1. Since National Cheng Kung University (NCKU) established the Research and Services Headquarters (RSH) in 1996, the first of its kind nationwide, a total of more than fifty research centers have been founded.
2. These include the Disaster Prevention Research Center, the Resource Recycling & Management Research Center, Technology Transfer & Business Incubation Center, etc., to name just a few.
3. All of these centers aim to integrate research work force and resource as well as to establish cooperative platform and liaison among industry, government, academic, and research organizations.
4. Over the years, NCKU has made great contribution to industrial development and domestic competitiveness through transferring research achievement to industries.
5. Each year, an affiliated center of the RSH is, on average, commissioned to conduct three or four projects of Industry-Academia cooperation, which amounts to around seven or eight hundred million New Taiwan Dollars (NTD).

IV. Sentence Combination: Combine each of the following sets of sentences into **one single sentence**. **The underlined words must be (part of) the main sentence** after the combination. Do not change the meanings of the original sentences. 請將下列各組句子合併，成為符合英文語法且不改變原意之單一完整句子。題中劃線部份必須是合併後句子之主要子句。(20%, 10 points each 每題 10 分)

1. (1) Jill gave a report on the progress of the preparation for the workshop.  
(2) The workshop will be held from May 2 to May 9, 2012.  
(3) Jill said she would call for and organize a workshop organizing committee.  
(4) Jill will form the organizing committee before the end of this semester.  
(5) The organizing committee will be headed by Chair of the Department.
2. (1). DW Griffith made movie history.  
(2) Griffith was a premier pioneering American film director.  
(3) Griffith introduced many new cinematic techniques into the movie industry.  
(4) Some of these techniques were close-ups, fade-outs, and the freeze-frame shot.  
(5) All of these new techniques have been widely used in motion pictures since Griffith's introduction of them.