编號: 66 國立成功大學 102 學年度碩士	出班招生考試試題 共 2 頁,第 1 頁
系所組別:生物科技研究所甲、乙組	
考試科目:生物技術	考試日期:0224,節次:3
※考生請注意:本試題不可使用計算機	請勿在本試題紙上作答,否則不予計分
Multiple choice questions (24 分 · 每題 3 分 · 刍	≧對才給分)
1. Which host can express glycosylated proteins?	
(A) Bacillus subtilis	
(B) Agrobacterium tumefaciens	
(C) Drosophila melanogaster	
(D) Caenornabaltis elegans (E) Saccharomycos cercuiciae	
(L) Juccharomyces cerevisiae	
2. Which of the followings are true about a prokaryotic	expression vector?
(A) A common promoter of E. coli expression sy	stem, T7 promoter, is based on the promoter of a
bacterial housekeeping gene.	
(B) CMV promoter is based on enhancer and promot	er of cytomegalovirus immediately-early gene.
(L) 17 promoter-based vectors allow for expression i	n native <i>E. COII.</i>
(F) A PCR product with a blunt-and cannot be closed	into TA cloning vector directly
3. Which material should be included to perform a PCR	reaction?
(A) H ₂ O	
(B) Ligase	
(C) dNTP	
(D) Frimers (E) Template DNA	
4. Which technique can demonstrate mRNA expression	levels?
(A) Southern blotting	
(B) EST sequencing	
(C) KI-PCR (D) Social analysis of some symmetry (CA CE)	
(U) Serial analysis of gene expression (SAGE) (E) 2D electrophonesis	
LI 20 Electrophoresis	
5. If you would like to demonstrate alternative splicing	g patterns of the specific gene of interest, which of the
following method can be used?	
(A) Northern blotting	
(B) RT-PCR	
(C) Fluorescence <i>in situ</i> hybridization	
(D) suppression subtractive hybridization (E) Western blotting	
(L) MESTELLI DIOLLING	
6. Which of the followings are true for a microsatellite	marker?
(A) Have been found in the mitochondrial genome,	never in the host genome
(B) Potential mRNA markers for cancer screening	
(C) Can be used as markers in studies of genetic link	age
(D) Simple sequence tandem repeats	他下四十匹口 上 14 4 4 14 5、
(c) Can be polymorphic	(盲面175有規目、請臟潤11-合)

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7. Which technique can be used to discover partial sequences of unknown, novel genes?						
(A) RNAI (B) Whole genome sequencing						
(C) DNA microarray						
(D) Conventional RT-PCR						
(E) Proteomics and LC-MS/MS						
 8. Which factors are related to sedimentation coefficient of a given particle? (A) Molecular weight (B) Molecular density (C) Molecular composition (D) Molecular shape (E) Svedberg unit 						
Define the following terms: (16 分,每題 2 分)						
1. Chemiluminescence						
2. ELISA						
3. cDNA						
5. Gram-negative organism						
6. MicroRNA						
7. induced pluipotent stem (iPS) cells						
8. Gain-of-function mutation						
Essavs (共 60 分,每題 6 分)						
1. What is Synthetic Biology? Please give an example for describe it.						
2. What are essential components of cell-free protein synthesis system?						
3. Address the features of NGS (Next Generation Sequencing)?						
4. How to construct an EST library? Please describe the procedures						
5. What are differences between forward genetics and reverse genetics?						
6. Address the principle of selectable markers for studies with auxotrophic yeast strains						
7. Address the application and advantages of antimicrobial peptides isolated from eukar	yotic	an	imal	s		
8. In your opinion, what will be a competitive playing field of Taiwan biotech ir future?	ıdust	ry	in t	he	re	cen

9. In your opinion, what are personality traits of successful biotech researchers?

10. Which research topics of NCKU Institute of Biotechnology you are interested?