

系所組別： 微電子工程研究所

考試科目： 固態電子元件

考試日期： 0307 · 節次： 2

※ 考生請注意：本試題 可 不可 使用計算機

1. An electron with energy of 3.5 eV impinges on a potential barrier of height 5.0 eV and thickness 1.5 Å, what would be the corresponding transmission coefficient? Please repeat the calculation for a barrier with thickness of 20 Å. (12%)
2. If the number of ionized donor can be given by $n = \frac{N_D}{1 + e^{(E_F - E_D)/kT}}$ and for an *n*-type silicon with 10^{17} cm^{-3} titanium donor impurities and a donor level at $E_D = 0.21 \text{ eV}$, find the ratio of the neutral donor density to the ionized donor density at 77 K. (Hint: $N_C(\text{Si}) = 2.86 \times 10^{19} \text{ cm}^{-3}$) (13%)
3. The bandgap of $\text{Si}_{1-x}\text{Ge}_x$ is given by $1.17 - 0.96x + 0.43x^2 - 0.17x^3$. If we have a $\text{Si}_{1-x}\text{Ge}_x/\text{Si}$ HBT with $x = 12\%$ in the base region ($x = 0\%$ in emitter and collector regions), and assume the base current is due to emitter injection efficiency only, what would be the expected change in the common-emitter current gain between 0° and 110°C ? (13%)
4. You are asked to design a Si *p-n* junction which would meet the specifications of $N_D = 3.5 \times 10^{18} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ and $\mathcal{E}_{\text{max}} = 5 \times 10^5 \text{ V/cm}$ at $V_R = 40 \text{ V}$ and $T = 300 \text{ K}$. Please determine the corresponding *p*-type doping concentration (N_A) as needed for meeting these design criteria. (12%)
5. Assume the drain current (I_D) vs. gate voltage (V_{GS}) of an *n*-channel MOSFET measured at drain voltage $V_D = 0.1 \text{ V}$ is shown in Fig. 1. This device has substrate doping concentration $N_A = 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, channel width $W = 10 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$, channel length $L = 1 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$, and gate oxide $d = 4 \text{ nm}$. Find the inversion carrier mobility. (12%)

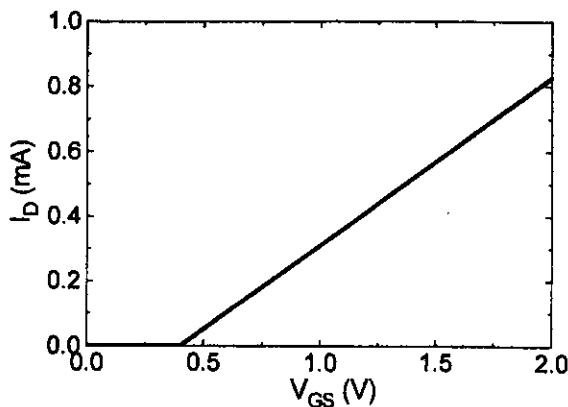


Fig. 1

(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

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6. Assume a p-channel MOSFET has substrate doping concentration $N_D = 5 \times 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, $W = 10 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$, $L = 1 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$, and $d = 6 \text{ nm}$. Find the change in threshold voltage at $T = 300 \text{ K}$ when the substrate bias is varied from 0 V to 1 V. (14%)
7. For a Si p-n junction solar cell with photocurrent 50 mA, diode saturation current 1 nA, and cell area 10 cm^2 , calculate the open-circuit voltage of this solar cell at 300 K. (10%)
8. For an n-channel GaAs MESFET with mobility $9000 \text{ cm}^2/\text{V-s}$, n-channel doping concentration $5 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, channel width $10 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$, channel length $1 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$, and channel thickness $0.4 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$, calculate the cutoff frequency of this device at 300 K. (14%)

Hint: dielectric constant of $\text{SiO}_2 = 3.9$
dielectric constant of GaAs = 12.4
dielectric constant of Si = 11.9
intrinsic carrier concentration of Si = 10^{10} cm^{-3}
Boltzmann constant = $1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$
elementary charge = $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
permittivity in vacuum = $8.85 \times 10^{-14} \text{ F/cm}$