

一. 微積分：(共 50%)

1. ① Please transform the following equation into one in polar coordinate.

$$x^2 + y^2 = 2x \quad (5\%)$$

- ② Plot the graph in polar coordinate. (5%)

2. The size of the world population in 1977 was approximately 3.8 billion. If it continues to grow at the rate of 2% a year, what will be the size of population in the year of 1990. (10%)

3. In the following expression, please determine the given limits

① $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3}{e^x}$

② $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^5 e^{-x}$

③ $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(1.01)^x}{x^{50}}$

④ $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln x}{x^3}$ (totally 10%)

⑤ $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_2 x}{\log_3 x}$

4. Find the derivative of the given functions:

① $4x^3 - \frac{2}{x^2}$

② $\frac{\sin x}{x^2 - 4x}$

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$$\textcircled{c} \quad \sqrt{1+x^2}$$

Find the normal line and the tangent line to the following graph.

$$\textcircled{d} \quad y = 3x^2 - 2x \quad \text{at } (2, 8)$$

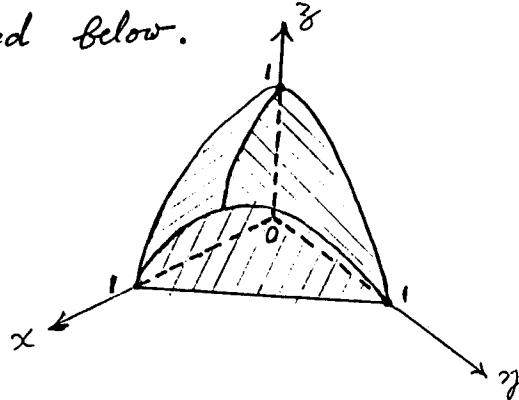
$$\textcircled{e} \quad y = \frac{2x+3}{x-1} \quad \text{at } (0, -3)$$

(totally 10%)

5. Please find the volume of the region in space bounded by the surface $z = 1 - x^2 - y^2$, on the sides by the planes $x=0, y=0, x+y=1$, and below by the plane $z=0$.

The region is sketched below.

(10%)



二、線性代數：(共 50%)

1. \textcircled{a} Verify whether the vector set given below is a basis for \mathbb{R}^3 ?

$$X_1 = (1, 1, 1)$$

$$X_2 = (1, 2, 3)$$

$$X_3 = (0, 1, 0)$$

- \textcircled{b} Express the vector $X = (2, 1, 3)$ as a linear combination of the above vector set.

(totally 10%)

2. If

$$|\underline{A}| = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = -4$$

find the determinants of the following matrices:

Ⓐ $\underline{B} = \begin{bmatrix} a_3 & a_2 & a_1 \\ b_3 & b_2 & b_1 \\ c_3 & c_2 & c_1 \end{bmatrix}$ (3%)

Ⓑ $\underline{C} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & 2a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & 2b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & 2c_3 \end{bmatrix}$ (3%)

Ⓒ $\underline{D} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1+4c_1 & b_2+4c_2 & b_3+4c_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{bmatrix}$ (4%)

3. Let $\underline{x} = 2i + j + 2k$ and $\underline{y} = 3i - j - 3k$

Ⓐ Please get $\underline{x} \times \underline{y}$ (the cross product) (5%)

Ⓑ If $\underline{z} = i + 2j + 3k$,
please get $\underline{x} \cdot (\underline{y} \times \underline{z})$. (5%)

4.

Ⓐ How do you define a nonsingular matrix to be orthogonal? (4%)

Ⓑ Given $Q(\underline{x}) = 2x^2 + 2xy + 2y^2$, $\underline{x} = (x, y)^T$,

let $Q(\underline{x}) = \underline{x}^T \underline{A} \underline{x}$, please find the symmetric matrix \underline{A} .
(4%)

③ Let $\underline{B} = \underline{P}^T \underline{A} \underline{P}$ for an orthogonal matrix \underline{P} , such that $\underline{Q}'(\underline{Y}) = \underline{Y}^T \underline{B} \underline{Y}$, $\underline{Y} = \underline{P} \underline{X}$, is equivalent to Q . Please find \underline{P} and \underline{B} . (8%)

④ Let $Q(\underline{X}) = g$, what is the resulted equation of $Q'(\underline{Y})$? (4%)