

系所組別 資訊工程學系, 醫學資訊研究所

考試科目 程式設計

考試日期: 0307 · 組次: 2

※ 考生請注意：本試題 可 不可 使用計算機

一、Data Structures (50%)

1. (15%)

(a) If $A=2$, $B=3$, $C=4$, $D=5$, $E=6$, then what is the value of evaluating the postfix expression $AB+C*DE-/?$ (10%)

(b) A is a two dimensional array, the location of $A(3,2)$ is 1110 and $A(2,3)$ is 1115. Assume that each element occupies one address, and the size declaration is $A(m,n)$, then what is the value of m ? (5%)

2. (10%) Which of the following statements are true.

(a) A d -ary heap is like a binary heap, but non-leaf nodes have d children instead of 2 children. The running time of the efficient implementation of Extract-Max in a d -ary max-heap with n elements is $\mathcal{O}(\log_d n)$.

(b) A Hamiltonian Path in graph G passes through each node $v \in V$ exactly once. Given a directed acyclic graph $G=(V, E)$, its Hamiltonian path v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n must be a topological ordering of G .

(c) In an undirected graph G , if there is a path between two vertices x and y then in the DFS tree of G , either x is a descendant of y or y is a descendant of x .

(d) In a directed graph G , if vertex x has both incoming and outgoing edges, its tree in the DFS forest contains more than one vertex.

(e) None of the above

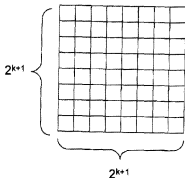
(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

※ 考生請注意: 本試題 可 不可 使用計算機

3. (25%)

Consider a checkerboard of size $2^{k+1} \times 2^{k+1}$ consisting of 1×1 squares, $k \in \mathbb{N}$.

Checkerboard



And we define two types of sub-blocks consisting of three and two squares, respectively, i.e., tromino and domino.



Tromino

Domino

- (a) Can we cover the checkerboard after removing any one square with non-overlapping trominoes? If yes, please show the pseudo code to construct the covering procedure. If no, please explain the reason. (15%)
- (b) Can you cover any 8×8 checkerboard with non-overlapping dominoes if we remove any two squares? If yes, please show the pseudo code to construct the covering procedure. If no, please explain the reason. (10%)
- 二、Algorithms (50%)
- (10%) Solving the recurrence $T(n) = T(n-2) + 2 \lg n$ using Θ notation.
 - (20%) Present a linear-time algorithm to solve the single-source shortest paths in directed acyclic graphs.
 - (10%) Unweighted longest simple path problem: Find a simple path from u to v consisting of the most edges. Prove or disprove: unweighted longest simple path problem exhibits optimal substructure.
 - (10%) Determine whether an input graph for the single-source shortest path problem can contain a negative-weight cycle? Please provide your reason.