

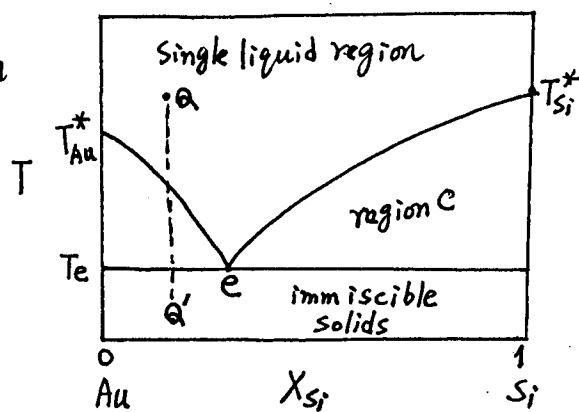
- Suppose 6 mol of an ideal gas at 25.0°C are allowed to expand isothermally and reversibly from an initial volume of 5 dm^3 to a final volume of 15 dm^3 .
 - How much work is done by the gas? (6%)
 - What are ΔU and ΔH ? (4%)
- A mole of hydrogen gas is heated from $T=300\text{ K}$ to 1000 K at constant volume. Calculate the entropy change.

($\bar{C}_v = 18.97 + 3.26 \times 10^{-3} T + 5.0 \times 10^{-4} T^{-2} \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$). (8%)
- Liquid water at 100°C is in equilibrium with water vapor at 1 atm . ($\Delta \bar{H}_{\text{vap}} = 40.60 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$), what are ΔG and ΔS ? (6%)
 - Suppose that water at 100°C is in contact with water vapor at 0.9 atm . Calculate ΔG and ΔS for this process. (6%)
- The Gibbs energies of formation of $\text{NO}_2(\text{g})$ and $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4(\text{g})$ are 51.30 and $102.0 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$, respectively at 1 atm and 25°C .
 - Calculate K_p for the reaction $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NO}_2(\text{g})$. (5%)
 - At what pressure is N_2O_4 50% dissociated? (6%)
- Prove that for a gas obeying the van der Waals equation $(P + \frac{a}{V_m^2})(V_m - b) = RT$, the internal pressure is a/V_m^2 . (6%)
- Calculate the activation energy for a reaction whose rate constant at 25°C is doubled by a $10\text{-}\%$ increase in temperature. (6%)
- Given the phase diagram of the gold-silicon system

(a) Where is the eutectic point? (2%)

(b) at constant pressure, calculate the degree of freedom of the system at point a , e , and a' . (6%)

(c) what is the solid phase in region C ? (2%)



T_{Au}^* : m.p. of Au

T_{Si}^* : m.p. of Si

T_e : eutectic temperature

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8. Find the following expectation values of H atom using the wavefunction

ψ_{1s} :

(a) $\langle \hat{L}^2 \rangle$, (b) $\langle \hat{L}_z \rangle$, (c) $\langle \hat{S}^2 \rangle$, (d) $\langle \hat{S}_z \rangle$, (e) $\langle \hat{H} \rangle$ (10%)

9. (a) Write the energy expressions of (i) rigid rotor, (ii) harmonic oscillator

(b) Find the minimum values of these energies

(c) Write the selection rules between the energy levels of rigid rotor. (9%)

10. For a free particle moving in one dimensional space, write the operators of (a) momentum, (b) kinetic energy, (c) total energy. (9%)

11. (a) Write the expression of wavefunctions of (i) one particle in one dimensional space, (ii) two particles in three dimensional space

(b) Write the expressions of probability density and the expectation value of operator \hat{p}_x . (9%)