國立成功大學84 學年度地球科學考試(物理化學 試題)第一頁

- 1. One mole of a gas at 300 K is compressed isothermally and reversibly from an initial volume of 10 L to a final volume of 0.2 L. Calculate the work done on the system if (a) The gas is ideal. (b) The equation of state of the gas is P(V-b)=RT, with b=0.03 L. (10%)
- 2. Calculate the entropy of mixing per mole of air, taking the composition by volume to be 79% Nz, 20% Oz, and 1% Ar. (6%)
- 3. One mole of helium is compressed isothermally and reversibly at 100 °C and from a pressure of 2 bar to 10 bar. Calculate (a) w , (b) △U, (c) △S, and (d) △G. (12%)
- 4. At 100 °C and 2 bar, the degree of dissociation of COCl₂(g) is 6.30×10^{-5} . Calculate K_P, K_C, and K_× for the dissociation reaction. COCl₂(g) = CO(g) + Cl₂(g)
- 5. One mole of tin undergoes a phase transition $Sn(gray) \rightarrow Sn(white)$ at 1.00 bar and 18.0 °C. Calculate (a) ΔU , (b) ΔS , and (c) ΔG for this transition. Given that the heat absorbed is 2238 J mol⁻¹ and the densities of gray and white tin are 5.75 and 6.55 g cm⁻³, respectively. (At Wt Sn:118.7).
- 6. For UFs the vapor pressure (in Pa) for the solid and liquid are given by $\ln P_s = 29.411 5893.5/T$, $\ln P_1 = 22.254 3479.9/T$. Calculate the temperature and pressure of the triple point. (6%)
- 7. Given the probability density function of the Maxwell distribution of speeds of gas molecules $F(V)=4\pi(m/2\pi kT)^{3/2}V^2\exp(-mV^2/2kT)$, (a) Derive the most probable speed V_P . (b) Calculate V_P for H_2 molecules at 0 °C. (10%)
- 8. A rock contains 0.26 mg of 205Pb per 1.0 mg of 238U. Estimate the age of the rock. The half-life for the decay of 238U to 205Pb is 4.5x109 yr. (10%)
- Which of the following functions is an eigenfunction of the operator d/dx? Give the eigenvalue of the corresponding eigenfunction. (a) k, (b) kx², (c) e^{kx}, and (d) sin kx, (k is constant).
- 10. Write the Hamiltonian for H_2 ⁺ ion. (3%)
- 11. The eigen values of the rigid rotator is given by $E_J = (h^2/8\pi^2 I)J(J+1)$ where I is the moment of inertia and J=0, 1, 2, Calculate the energies of the first three levels and find the energy difference between each level.
- 12. The percentage transmittance of an aqueous solution of disodium fumarate at 250 nm and 25 °C is 19.2% for a 5.00×10^{-4} mol L⁻¹ solution in a 1-cm cell. Calculate the absorbance (A) and the molar absorption coefficient (ϵ).