

# 國立成功大學

## 114學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號：38

系 所：物理學系

科 目：物理數學

日 期：0211

節 次：第 1 節

注 意：1.不可使用計算機  
2.請於答案卷(卡)作答，於  
試題上作答，不予計分。

1. (a) Calculate the first three non-zero terms of the Maclaurin series of  $\frac{1+x}{x} - \frac{1}{\sin x}$ . [10 points]  
 (b) Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1+x}{x} - \frac{1}{\sin x} \right)$ . [5 points]
2. Consider the matrix  $M = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ .  
 (a) Find the characteristic equation of  $M$ , and solve for the eigenvalues. [10 points]  
 (b) Show that  $M$  satisfies its own characteristic equation. [5 points]
3. Consider the vector  $\vec{V} = x^2 \hat{i} + 5x \hat{j}$ .  
 (a) Calculate  $\oint \vec{V} \cdot d\vec{r}$  around the boundary of the square with vertices  $(1,0)$ ,  $(0,1)$ ,  $(-1,0)$ ,  $(0,-1)$  on the  $x$ - $y$  plane counterclockwise. [10 points]  
 (b) State Stokes' theorem, and use it to calculate the integration in (a). [10 points]
4. A rocket of (variable) mass  $m$  is propelled by steadily ejecting part of its mass at velocity  $u$  (constant with respect to the rocket). Gravity can be neglected.  
 (a) The differential equation for the velocity  $v$  of the rocket is  $m(dv/dm) = -u$  as long as  $v \ll c$ , where  $c$  is the speed of light. Find  $v$  as a function of  $m$  if  $m = m_0$  when  $v = 0$ . [5 points]  
 (b) In the relativistic region ( $v/c$  not negligible), the rocket equation is  $m \frac{dv}{dm} = -u \left( 1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2} \right)$ . Solve this differential equation to find  $v$  as a function of  $m$  if  $m = m_0$  when  $v = 0$ . [10 points]
5. Given the function  $f(x) = (\pi - x)/2$  on  $(0, \pi)$ .  
 (a) Find the Fourier sine series of period  $2\pi$  for  $f(x)$ . [10 points]  
 (b) Calculate the average of  $[f(x)]^2$  and use the result in (a) to evaluate  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$ . [10 points]
6. (a) Show that the poles in  $\oint \frac{1 + e^{i\pi z}}{(z-1)^2(z+1)^2} dz$  are simple poles, and evaluate the contour integration around the upper half plane. [10 points]  
 (b) Use the result in (a) to evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos^2(\alpha\pi/2)}{(1-\alpha^2)^2} d\alpha$ . [5 points]